NEW YORK STATE MEDICAID PROGRAM

FEE-FOR-SERVICE LABORATORY PROCEDURE CODES AND COVERAGE GUIDELINES MANUAL

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GENERAL INFORMATION AND RULES

- 1. The fees in the Laboratory Fee Schedule apply to clinical laboratory tests selected from Physician's Current Procedural Terminology (CPT), Professional Edition, 2016 or the Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS), Professional Edition, 2016. Reimbursement is limited to indicated uses of procedures that are FDA approved for in vitro diagnostic use or, are recognized as generally acceptable by the New York State Department of Health. NYS Medicaid Updates for the most current coverage policies can be accessed at the following link: http://www.health.ny.gov/health-care/medicaid/program/update/main.htm
- 2. The fees include the services of all licensed professionals required by certification in the performance of the test.
- 3. The fees include all costs related to specimen testing, including collection, storage and transport of specimens, in addition to performance and reporting of results. Unreported instrument controls are not separately reimbursable. "By Report" (BR), as indicated in the Fee Schedule, reimbursement requires a statement indicating the need for the service, the type of test performed, test results, the number and source of the specimen(s) and documentation of the laboratory's usual and customary charge to the general public for the service.
- 4. The fees are for **quantitative** analyses, unless otherwise specified. Mathematical calculations (e.g., calculation of A/G ratio, ionized calcium, free thyroxine index (T 7) or osmolality) are not reimbursable.
- 5A. Therapeutic drug monitoring is reimbursable when quantitative determination of blood concentration is clinically relevant as a part of a regimen designed to attain and sustain therapeutic effect by maintenance of blood level within a defined range. The intensity and probability of therapeutic or toxic effect must quantitatively correlate with blood concentration. In addition, one or more of the following criteria must be satisfied:
- (1) there is a narrow range between those concentrations giving the desired response and those producing toxicity, (2) readily assessed alternative endpoints (e.g., prothrombin time for oral anticoagulants) are lacking or (3) there is large inter individual variability in the absorption and disposition of the drug. Therapeutic monitoring is a covered service only when performed on specimens of blood. Use the drug specific codes 80150 through 80203. Code 80299 is to be used only for drugs, which meet the criteria for therapeutic monitoring, outlined above and are not listed by individual code. Codes 80299 is billable "By Report" and the drug(s) must be specified in the procedure description field on the Claim Form. Peak and trough (or predose and postdose) analyses, when clinically indicated (e.g., aminoglycosides), are reimbursable as two procedures.
- 5B. NYS Medicaid drug testing policy follows a two-step testing process/structure that consists of the use of screening (presumptive) tests then confirmatory (quantitative) tests. Presumptive drug class screening tests using Common Procedural Terminology (CPT) codes "80305", "80306" or "80307" are the first step in the process. Only substances that return positive results or are inconclusive on screening tests (presumptive) or results on screening tests that are inconsistent with clinical presentations are reimbursable for confirmation (quantitative) testing using CPT codes "80321" through "80377" listed on the fee schedule. **Definitive** or direct confirmation tests using CPT code "G0480" are only reimbursable when no screening methods for the substances are available.

Tests for a drug(s) or drug classes must be ordered by the provider and should be considered for inclusion based on the patient's medical history and/or current clinical presentation. Broad panel tests, reflex tests initiated by the lab, and routine standing orders are not reimbursable. Medical records must support the need for each drug or drug class being tested and must be kept on file, in accordance with regulations, for audit purposes.

https://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/program/update/2021/no10_2021-08.htm#drugtest

- 6A. Certain laboratory procedures are often performed, either manually or on automated equipment, in combination with each other. For purposes of reimbursement, when a code defines a specific combination of procedures performed on a date of service, it is appropriate to utilize that unique code.
- 6B. When procedures for Vitamin B12 (82607) and Folate (82746 or 82747) are performed in combination, the maximum reimbursable fee for code 82746 or 82747 is \$6.25. When a procedure for Ferritin (82728) is performed in combination with Vitamin B12 or Folate, or any of the Organ or Disease Oriented Panels (80048-80076), or any of the individual chemistry analyte codes listed in the fee schedule (see Rule 6A), the maximum reimbursable fee for 82728 is \$5.70.
- 6C. When two or more Hepatitis B tests are performed in combination, reimbursement will be reduced by 50% for each test after the first. See also Rule 16. When Hepatitis A, C or D tests (codes 86692, 86708, 86709, 86803 or 87380) are performed in combination with each other or with any Hepatitis B test, the maximum reimbursable fee per Hepatitis A, C or D test is \$5.00. When multiple procedures for antigen or antibody to two or more infectious agents (codes 86602-86689 and 86698-86703 or 86710-86793) are performed in combination, reimbursement is limited to the greater fee plus 50% of the lesser fee(s). The fee for code 86701 Antibody HIV-1 includes reimbursement for up to three screen assays of a single specimen. Use code 87390 for P24 HIV antigen.
- 7A. For purposes of reimbursement based on the Laboratory Fee Schedule, a complete blood count (CBC) includes a hematocrit, hemoglobin determination, RBC count, RBC indices, WBC count and a platelet count. See code 85027. For a CBC with an automated differential WBC count, use code 85025. Code 85060 requires interpretation by physician and written report.
- 7B. Codes for CBC individual components (85013, 85014, 85018, 85048 and 85049) may not be billed in conjunction with procedure codes including a CBC (85025 and 85027). The code for automated differential WBC count (85004) may not be billed in conjunction with codes 85025 and 85027.
- 8. For purposes of reimbursement, codes 86850 and 86905 represent examples of procedures considered to be integral parts of outpatient transfusion and hemodialysis services. No separate reimbursement will be allowed.
- 9. For **pregnancy detection** and where the reported test result is qualitative or **se**mi-quantitative, use code 81025 or 84703. Code 84702 is reimbursable for a quantitative HCG value reported for a diagnostic use (e.g., monitoring post-surgical growth of germ cell neoplasm where quantitative HCG is relative to growth). Code 84702 is not reimbursable for a routine screen for pregnancy.
- 10. Appropriate billing of antibody and antigen procedures is as follows:

- For antibody or antigen as specific markers of infectious disease, use the most specific code corresponding to the organism's name (e.g., 86618 Antibody; Borrelia burgdorferi) or the disease name (e.g., 87340 Hepatitis B surface antigen).
- For an infectious agent antibody or antigen not listed by name, use the "By Report" code for the type of organism (e.g., 86609 Antibody; bacterium not elsewhere specified or the analytical method, e.g., 87299 Infectious agent antigen detection by immunofluorescent technique; not otherwise specified, each organism). Document the name of the organism, and, if applicable, the immunoglobulin subclass(es), on the Claim Form (See Rule 3).
- For antibody other than to infectious agent(s) (e.g., autoantibodies) use the most specific code corresponding to the analyte (e.g., 86376 Microsomal antibody (e.g. thyroid or liver-kidney, each)).
- For non-infectious agent antibody or antigen NOT listed by analyte, use the **most** specific code for the method used (e.g., 86255 Fluorescent **noninfectious** agent antibody; screen each antibody); when billing **"By Report"**, the name of the analyte must be documented on the Claim Form (See Rule 3).
- Multiple tests to detect (1) antibodies to organisms/analytes classified more precisely than
 the specificity allowed by available codes, (2) antibodies in paired specimens (acute vs.
 convalescent), or (3) antibodies of different immunoglobulin subclasses, are reimbursable
 as separate procedures; multiple units of a code (e.g., two units of 86658 for Coxsackie A
 and B species of enterovirus) may be claimed when analyses yield separately reported
 results for each subclassification, specimen or Ig subclass.
- 11. Organ or Disease Orientated Panel codes. Effective July 1, 2000, the panel codes 80047, 80048, 80051, 80053, 80061, 80069 and 80076 should be used to bill designated combinations of tests regardless of whether the tests are ordered and/or performed individually, as a panel, or as multiple panels at different times. If 2 or more panel codes with overlapping component tests, (i.e., 80047, 80048, 80051, 80053, 80076) are billed, the lab is not entitled to reimbursement for the duplicate tests. If one or more of the codes for chemistry tests where this rule applies are billed in combination with another and/or a panel code, total payment due for those chemistry tests is limited as follows: up to 2=\$5.03, 3-6=\$6.04, 7-9=\$7.25, 10-12=\$9.09, 13-16=\$10.00, 17-18=\$11.00, 19 or more=\$12.00.
- 12. Cytogenetic studies codes 88245, 88267 and 88269 must be billed in combination with code 88280 to report a 2-karyotype chromosome analysis as described in the quality control standards for cytogenetic licensure.
- 13. Reimbursement for immune electrophoresis includes payment for the electrophoretic separation and quantitation. Therefore, no separate reimbursement for code 84165will be allowed when code(s) 86320-86325 are billed.

14.A. Genetic Testing General Guidance

The molecular pathology codes (81400 through 81408, 81479 and 84999) are reimbursable for DNA based genetic testing not specifically listed in the fee schedule. All molecular pathology codes (81200 through 81408 and 81479) may be performed as (1) a family study of up to six individuals to determine the genetic carrier/disease status of an individual patient or a fetus as part of a comprehensive program of genetic counseling and where indicated by familial medical history or adjunctive prenatal testing OR (2) an individual study by diagnostic deletion analysis of a patient affected by a genetic disorder. DNA based testing defined under State licensure as investigational for a certain disease is not reimbursable. Codes 81400 through 81408, 81479 and 84999 are not

reimbursable for non-genetic applications such as microbial detection or quantification or testing for acquired changes in genetic material (e.g., T or B cell markers, immunoglobulin heavy or light chain rearrangements associated with malignancy). Reimbursement for these codes should be submitted according to the "By Report" instructions in Rule 3.

B. Genetic Testing Specific Guidance

Please note: There has been coding changes for some of the genetic testing policies. Periodically check the *Medicaid Update* Website at the link below for the most recent information. https://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/program/update/main.htm

Fragile X - Prenatal carrier testing for fragile X syndrome should be billed using CPT codes 81171, 81172, 81243 and 81244. To verify that a patient meets NYS Medicaid criteria for testing, please visit the August 2014 *Medicaid Update* at the following link:

http://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/program/update/2014/2014-08.htm

Diagnostic testing of children for fragile X syndrome continues to be covered if medically necessary.

Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA) - Prenatal carrier testing for SMA should be billed using CPT codes 81329, 81336 and 81337. To verify that a patient meets NYS Medicaid criteria for testing, please visit the September 2014 *Medicaid Update* at the following link:

http://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/program/update/2014/2014-09.htm

Carrier screening for SMA of the male partner of a pregnancy will be covered if the pregnant female is found to be a carrier. Diagnostic testing of individuals for SMA continues to be covered if medically necessary.

Trisomy Screening - Non-invasive prenatal screening for trisomy 13, 18 and 21 using cell-free fetal DNA for high-risk singleton pregnancies should be billed using CPT code 81507 or 81420. To verify that a patient meets NYS Medicaid criteria for testing, please visit the October 2014 *Medicaid Update* at the following link: http://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/program/update/2014/2014-10.htm

Diagnostic testing (e.g., cytogenetic analysis or molecular genetic testing) for suspected aneuploidies continues to be covered if medically necessary. Micro-deletion testing in conjunction with noninvasive trisomy testing is not reimbursable.

BRCA - Testing for mutations in the BRCA1 and BRCA2 genes of individuals at high risk for hereditary breast and ovarian cancer (HBOC) should be billed using the appropriate code(s): 81162, 81163, 81164, 81165, 81166, 81167, 81212, 81215, 81216, or 81217 if the patient meets NYS Medicaid criteria. Please view the current guidelines which were published in the October 2015 *Medicaid Update* at the following link:

http://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/program/update/2015/2015-10.htm

BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutation testing in conjunction with BRCA Large Rearrangement Test (BART) must be billed using CPT code 81162 effective 4/01/2016.

BRCA Large Rearrangement Test (BART) – BART tests for large rearrangement mutations in BRCA genes. If a Medicaid enrollee previously had testing for BRCA1 and BRCA2 genes with

negative test results, and Bart testing was not performed, the enrollee may have BART only testing (represented by CPT 81164). The addition of BART testing must be considered medically necessary.

For a Medicaid enrollee where BRCA1 and BRCA2 testing is being ordered for the first time, BART is performed as a reflex test if the BRCA1 and BRCA2 test results are negative. When performing tests for BRCA1 and BRCA2 plus BART, CPT Code 81162 must be billed.

Oncotype DX®, EndoPredict® and Prosigna® for Breast Cancer - Oncology (breast), mRNA, gene expression profile testing to aid practitioners in determining the appropriate use of chemotherapy should be billed using CPT code 81519 for Oncotype DX®, CPT code 81522 for EndoPredict®, or CPT code 81520 for Prosigna®. Only one prognostic breast cancer assay is reimbursable per histologically distinct tumor. To verify that a patient meets NYS Medicaid criteria for testing, please visit the July 2019 *Medicaid Update* at the following link: https://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/program/update/2019/2019-07.htm#breastcancer

Lynch Syndrome - Testing for mutations in MLH1 and MSH2 genes of individuals at high risk for Lynch Syndrome and meeting NYS Medicaid criteria should be billed using the following codes: 81292 and 81295. Known mutation or reflex testing may be reimbursable using one the following codes: 81294, 81297, 81298, 81300, 81317 and 81319. Testing guidelines and criteria for Lynch Syndrome testing can be found in the October 2015 *Medicaid Update* at the following link: http://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/program/update/2015/2015-10.htm

C. Pharmacogenetic Testing

CYP2D6 - Testing for CYP2D6 (cytochrome P450, family 2, subfamily D, polypeptide 6) gene analysis, common variants should be billed using CPT code 81226. NYS Medicaid considers genotyping, once in a lifetime, for CYP2D6 polymorphisms medically necessary to determine drug therapy for the following:

- Patients diagnosed with Huntington's disease requiring doses of Xenazine® (tetrabenzine) greater than 50 mg per day.
- Patients diagnosed with Gaucher disease type 1 requiring Cerdelga® (eliglustat). At this time, pharmacogenetic testing of CYP2D6 for any purpose other than those specified above is not reimbursable.

CYP2D9 - Testing for CYP2D9 (cytochrome P450, family 2, subfamily C, polypeptide 9) gene analysis, common variants (e.g., *2,*3,*5,*6) should be billed using CPT code 81227. NYS Medicaid considers genotyping, once in a lifetime, for CYP2D9 medically necessary to determine eligibility for MAYZENT® (siponimod) drug therapy.

DMD - Testing of the DMD (dystrophin) (e.g., Duchene/Becker muscular dystrophy) gene should be billed using CPT code 81161. NYS Medicaid considers testing, once in a lifetime, medically necessary to determine eligibility for Exondys 51® (eteplirsen) drug therapy.

BCR/ABL1 - Testing for BCR/ABL1 (t(9;22)) translocation analysis should be billed using CPT code 81170. NYS Medicaid considers BCR/ABL1 testing medically necessary to determine drug therapy for the following:

- Patients diagnosed with chronic myelogenous leukemia (CML) or Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia (ALL) that have been prescribed Gleevec® (imatinib), Sprycel® (dasatinib), Tasigna® (nilotinib), Bosulif® (bosutinib) or Iclusig® (ponatinib) and one or more of the following: o have an inadequate initial response to tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI) therapy
- o exhibit a loss of response (defined as a hematologic or cytogenetic relapse)
- o 1-log increase in BCR-ABL1 transcript levels and loss of major molecular response (MMR)
- o have disease progression to accelerated or blast phase

PDGFRA - Testing for platelet-derived growth factor receptor, alpha polypeptide (PDGFRA) gene analysis should be billed using CPT code 81314. NYS Medicaid considers PDGFRA testing medically necessary, once in a lifetime, when used to determine drug therapy for the treatment of chronic myeloid leukemia such as Imatinib (Gleevec).

EGFR - Testing for neuroblastoma RAS viral [v-ras] oncogene homolog gene analysis should be billed using CPT code 81311. NYS Medicaid considers EGFR testing medically necessary, once in a lifetime, when used to determine effective drug therapy for medications such as cebtuximab (Erbitux) that treat certain cancers (e.g., lung, colorectal, head and neck) thought to be associated with this genetic mutation.

- 15. Code 82105, 82106, 82378, 83950, 83951, 84066, 84153, 84154, 84702 or 86316 is reimbursable for an oncofetal antigen (tumor marker) procedure used as an adjunctive test with other accepted tests in monitoring for tumor growth recurrence in a patient who has had a tumor irradiated or surgically removed. Codes 82105 and 82106 are also reimbursable for alpha-fetoprotein testing used for prenatal (nondiagnostic) gestational age dependent screening for neural tube defects. Code 86316 for immunoassay for a tumor antigen not elsewhere specified, e.g., CA 50, is billable "By Report". When a procedure for (CEA) carcinoembryonic antigen (82378) is performed in combination with Comprehensive Metabolic Panel (code 80053) the maximum reimbursable fee for code 82378 is \$8.00. A test for an oncofetal antigen (tumor marker) is reimbursable for diagnostic purposes only when used in accordance with the FDA approval criteria for its use. When 84153 and 84152 or 84154 are billed in combination, the maximum fee for 84152 or 84154 is \$21.35.
- 16. Claims for reimbursement for procedures generally consi<mark>dered to be follow-up testin</mark>g must be supported by reporting a specific (presumptive) diagnosis which considers the results of the initial test(s) as well as the patient's history, symptoms, etc. The ordering practitioner must supply such diagnosis, or reason for the patient encounter, to the laboratory. For example:
 - Code 82172 is reimbursable when performed for diagnostic purposes for a patient with documented elevated total cholesterol (>240 mg/dl) and an abnormally low HDL cholesterol level (< 35 mg/dl) and/or documented family history of coronary artery disease (CAD). A test for apolipoprotein(s) is **not** reimbursable when used as a **screening** procedure for CAD risk assessment.
 - Thyroid function tests other than "screen" tests for clinically suspected thyroid dysfunctions are reimbursable only when indicated for differential diagnosis, to resolve disagreement with documented clinical impressions, to resolve equivocal results or to monitor therapeutic regimens of diagnosed thyroid-dysfunctional patients. For purposes of this rule, a "screen" test is either total thyroxine (84436) or free thyroxine index (84436 + 84479) or sensitive-TSH (84443).

- Serologic markers that are clinically indicated for staging, management or prognosis of viral hepatitis B are reimbursable only when it is determined by initial diagnostic testing that the patient has type B hepatitis.
- 17. The fee for presumptive identification of microbial culture isolates includes reimbursement for all procedures used to presumptively identify the organism, including stains. When definitive identification is medically necessary and additional methods are used for definitive identification, (e.g., molecular methods) use code 87076 or 87077, as applicable, in addition to the appropriate code for isolation (87040 87075).
- 18. Lymphocyte evaluation by immunophenotyping is reimbursable for analysis of lymphocyte subpopulations for monitoring of disease activity and therapeutic response in, for example, immunodeficiency or autoimmune disease, or cancer. Only those antibodies or "markers" FDA approved or cleared and/or approved by the Department are reimbursable as follows:
 - Bill 1 unit of code 86360 when the lab performs an "abbreviated lymphocyte" analysis panel* by 2 color flow cytometric analysis or any acceptable tube combination out of the possible four analysis tubes by 3 or 4-color flow cytometric analysis, and reports absolute CD4 counts with CD8 counts;
 - Bill 2 units of code 86360 when the lab performs a "full lymphocyte" analysis panel* by 2, 3 or 4 color flow cytometric analysis and reports absolute CD4 counts with CD8 counts. Codes 86355, 86357, 86359, 88184, 88185 and 88187 through 88189 are not reimbursable for a 'full lymphocyte' analysis panel when only performing absolute CD4 counts with CD8 counts;
 - Bill 1 unit of code 86361 when the lab performs lymphocyte subpopulation counts by a method other than flow cytometry or microscopy, and reports only absolute CD4 counts with or without CD8 counts;
 - Bill 1 unit of one or more of the codes 86355, 86357, 86359, 86367, 88184 and whenever appropriate, 1 or more units of 88185, when the lab performs flow cytometric testing using multiple markers (e.g. lymphoma/leukemia testing). When CD4/CD8 analysis is included, 1 unit of 86360 should be billed in addition, and when CD4 analysis is included (without CD8), bill 1 unit of 86361 in addition. Codes 86360 and 86361 may not be billed for the same date of service. 88184 and 88185 should be used for unlisted markers, including markers used to draw gates, set cursors and monitor variability. Bill 1 unit of the appropriate interpretation code (88187 through 88189) based on the total number of markers performed;
 - Bill code 88346 or 88350 when the lab performs microscopic or other non-flow cytometric subset analysis using tagged antibody(ies); bill 1 unit of code 88346 or 88350 per marker.
- * "Abbreviated lymphocyte" and "full lymphocyte" panels are as defined by the New York State Cellular Immunology Proficiency Testing Program.
- 19. Code **86341 Islet cell antibody** is reimbursable when used to differentiate type I from type II diabetes in patients with equivocal clinical presentation. It is not reimbursable when used as a predicator of disease, e.g., in first-degree relatives of persons with diabetes mellitus.

Laboratory Procedure Codes

20. Code **87536 HIV-1 quantitation** is reimbursable when used in patient management to predict clinical outcomes, to predict risk of disease progression, and/or to provide information for a decision

to initiate antiretroviral drug therapy or to change treatment regimes. This test is allowed as clinically indicated up to a maximum of six per year.

21. HIV genotypic/phenotypic drug resistance testing and phenotypic prediction using genotypic comparison to known databases is a covered service when clinically indicated. Medicaid will reimburse each test (87900, 87901, 87903, 87904, 87906) up to a maximum of three times in a 365-day period across all providers. NYS Medicaid will reimburse for any combination of 87901 and 87903 up to a maximum of four times in a 365-day period across all providers. Code 87903 reimburses \$675.29 for resistance determinations of up to 10 antiviral drugs. Code 87904 should be billed in addition to 87903 to claim reimbursement for additional drug resistance determinations, using one unit for each (1) additional drug.

When codes 87901, 87903 and 87906 are billed in combination with the same date of service, the maximum reimbursable fee for any combination of 87901, 87903 and 87906 is \$100 less than the additive maximum fees for the codes.

- 22. For instrumented screening of PAP smears (codes 88174 and 88175), the following definitions apply:
 - For code 88174, "screening by automated system" means primary examination by a slide profiling system without human review and primary examination by human review of all fields of vision selected by a locations-guidance system, with or without quality assurance manual or automated re-screening.
 - For code 88175, "screening by automated systems and manual rescreening" means primary examination by human review of all or some fields of vision selected by a location guidance system, and, in addition, full slide review (e.g., AutoScan mode engaged), with or without quality assurance manual or automated rescreening.
- 23. Effective September 1, 2004, travel expenses associated with in-home phlebotomy services, i.e., blood draws, are reimbursable using code P9604. The recipient must be eligible for in-home phlebotomy as documented by a qualified ordering practitioner and defined below.

A recipient is eligible for in-home phlebotomy if:

- The recipient is homebound, which means he or she has a condition due to illness or injury
 that precludes access to routine medical services outside of his/her residence without
 special arrangements for transportation, i.e., ambulance, ambulette, and taxi with
 assistance in areas where public transportation is unavailable; or has a condition that
 makes leaving the residence medically contraindicated; and
- The recipient is participating in a Medicaid-covered home care program or is currently
 receiving a Medicaid-covered home care service, i.e., personal care services, certified
 home health agency (CHHA) services, consumer-directed personal assistance services, or
 the Long-Term Home Health Care Program (LTHHCP).

Travel expenses are NOT a covered service if they are solely to:

- Draw blood from patients in a skilled nursing facility;
- Draw blood from a recipient who receives medical services in his or her residence from a
 professional whose scope of practice authorizes the drawing of blood; or,
- Pick-up and transport a specimen collected by a home health care provider or anyone other than a laboratory representative.

The laboratory is entitled to only one fee for one-way or round-trip travel to a single address, regardless of the number of specimens collected or the number of recipients drawn at that location. There is a limit of 12 claims per recipient per year for in-home phlebotomy service; this allows for 12 round-trips or 12 one-way trips, or any combination of no more than 12 round or one-way trips. The number of specimens collected per trip must be documented.

To calculate the appropriate reimbursement amount for claiming travel to and from in-home phlebotomy services, multiply the number of trips or stops (including the return trip to the laboratory) by the fee and divide this amount by the number of patients seen. The laboratory will pro-rate when the claim is submitted based on the number of patients seen on that trip. The "same address" is defined as a building or complex with the same entrance and egress off of a public road, such as an apartment complex.

Rules for billing, including pro-rating for multiple recipients:

- 1. One recipient at one site: A laboratory representative travels from the laboratory to the home of one recipient and returns to the laboratory without making any other stops. The trip out and back is paid as a round-trip. The laboratory should submit a single line claim for \$18.70 (2 x \$9.35 = \$18.70).
- 2. One recipient at each of multiple sites: A laboratory representative travels in a circuit from the laboratory to the home of each of six recipients and returns to the laboratory. Each segment is paid as a one-way trip at a flat rate of \$9.35. The laboratory is entitled to a total of \$65.45 (7 x \$9.35 = \$65.45) but, since a separate claim must be submitted for each recipient, \$65.45 must be divided by the number of recipients, which is six. Each of the six recipient claims would be submitted for \$10.91.
- 3. Multiple recipients at a single address. A laboratory representative travels from the laboratory to an apartment complex, draws blood from six recipients and returns to the laboratory. The laboratory is entitled to one round trip fee of \$18.70, but, since a separate claim must be submitted for each recipient, the \$18.70 must be divided by the number of recipients, which is six. Each of the six recipients' claims would be submitted for \$3.12.
- 4. Multiple recipients at one address + one recipient at each of several additional sites: A laboratory representative travels from the laboratory to an apartment complex and draws blood from three recipients; he then continues his circuit to three separate residences, and draws blood from one recipient at each, and returns to the laboratory.

The laboratory should bill as follows:

The laboratory is entitled to \$9.35 for the trip segment from the laboratory to the apartment complex; For each of the three recipients drawn at separate addresses, the laboratory is entitled to \$9.35 trip segment. The laboratory is also entitled to \$9.35 for the return to the laboratory. The total would be four times \$9.35, or \$37.40.

The total number of stops are 5 (one stop from the laboratory to the apartment complex, stops at three recipients' homes and the return trip to the laboratory). The laboratory is entitled to a total of 46.75 (5 x 9.35 = 46.75), but since a separate claim must be submitted for each recipient, 46.75 must be divided by the number of recipients which is six. Each of the six recipient's claims would be submitted for 7.79.

24. The Medicaid definition for "date of service" for laboratory providers is the date of specimen collection. For laboratory tests that use a specimen taken from storage, the date of service is the date the specimen was removed from storage.

25. NCCI Modifiers:

Note- NCCI associated modifiers are recognized for NCCI code pairs/related edits. For additional information please refer to the CMS website: http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalCorrectCodInitEd/

- -59 Distinct procedural service
- -91 Repeat clinical diagnostic laboratory test
- 26. Organic Acid Codes **83918**, **83919**, and **83921** will be reimbursable by NYS Medicaid for members aged 20 years and older with limited diagnoses that relate to acute porphyria, epilepsy, inborn errors of metabolism, mitochondrial myopathies, dementia, transcobalamin II deficiency, and biotin dependent carboxylase deficiency.
- 21. HIV genotypic/phenotypic drug resistance testing and phenotypic prediction using genotypic comparison to known databases is a covered service when clinically indicated. Medicaid will reimburse each test (87900, 87901, 87903, 87904, 87906) up to a maximum of three times in a 365-day period across all providers. NYS Medicaid will reimburse for any combination of 87901 and 87903 up to a maximum of four times in a 365-day period across all providers. Code 87903 reimburses \$675.29 for resistance determinations of up to 10 antiviral drugs. Code 87904 should be billed in addition to 87903 to claim reimbursement for additional drug resistance determinations, using one unit **for each (1) additional drug.**

*****CODES MAY BE OUT OF NUMERICAL SEQUENCE- SEE CPT CODEBOOK*****

ORGAN OR DISEASE ORIENTED PANELS (see Rule 11)

<u>CODE</u> <u>DESCRIPTION</u>

Basic metabolic panel (Calcium, ionized)

This panel must include the following:

Calcium, ionized (82330), Carbon dioxide (82374), Chloride (82435), Creatinine

(82565), Glucose (82947), Potassium (84132), Sodium (84295), Urea Nitrogen (BUN)

(84520)

80048 Basic metabolic panel (Calcium, total)

This panel must include the following:

Calcium, total (82310), Carbon dioxide (82374), Chloride (82435), Creatinine (82565),

Glucose (82947), Potassium (84132), Sodium (84295), Urea Nitrogen (BUN) (84520)

80051 Electrolyte panel

This panel must include the following:

Carbon dioxide (82374), Chloride (82435), Potassium (84132), Sodium (84295)

80053 Comprehensive metabolic panel

This panel must include the following:

Albumin (82040), Bilirubin, total (82247), Calcium, total (82310), Carbon dioxide (bicarbonate) (82374), Chloride (82435), Creatinine (82565), Glucose (82947), Phosphatase, alkaline (84075), Potassium (84132), Protein, total (84155), Sodium (84295), Transferase, alanine amino (ALT) (SGPT) (84460), Transferase, aspartate

amino (AST) (SGOT) (84450), Urea Nitrogen (BUN) (84520)

80061 Lipid panel

This panel must include the following:

Cholesterol, serum, total (82465), Lipoprotein, direct measurement, high density

cholesterol (HDL cholesterol) (83718), Triglycerides (84478)

80069 Renal function panel

This panel must include the following:

Albumin (82040), Calcium, total (82310), Carbon dioxide (bicarbonate) (82374), Chloride (82435), Creatinine (82565), Glucose (82947), Phosphorus, inorganic

(phosphate) (84100), Potassium (84132), Sodium (84295), Urea nitrogen (BUN)

(84520)

80076 Hepatic function panel

This panel must include the following:

Albumin (82040), Bilirubin, total (82247), Bilirubin, direct (82248), Phosphatase, alkaline

(84075), Protein, total (84155), Transferase, alanine amino (ALT) (SGPT) (84460),

Transferase, aspartate amino (AST) (SGOT) (84450)

THERAPEUTIC DRUG ASSAYS

Quantitative therapeutic drug monitoring is reimbursable only when performed on specimens of **blood** as outlined in Rule 5A.

| CODE | DESCRIPTION |
|----------------|-------------------------------------------|
| 80145 | Adalimumab |
| 80150 | Amikacin |
| 80151 | Amiodarone |
| 80156 | Carbamazepine; total |
| 80157 | free |
| 80161 | -10, 11- <mark>ep</mark> oxide |
| 80158 | Cyclosporine |
| 80159 | Clozapine |
| 80162 | Digoxin; total |
| 80163 | free |
| 80168 | Ethosuximide |
| 80169 | Everolimus |
| 80167 | Felbamate |
| 80181 | Flecainide |
| 80171 | Gabapentin, whole blood, serum, or plasma |
| 80170 | Gentamicin |
| 80173 | Haloperidol |
| 80230 | Infliximab |
| 80235 | Lacosamide |
| 80175 | Lamotrigine |
| 80193 | Leflunomide |
| 80177 | Levetiracetam |
| 80178 | Lithium |
| 80204 | Methotrexate |
| 80180 | Mycophenolate (mycophenolic acid) |
| 80183 | Oxcarbazepine |
| 80184 | Phenobarbital |
| 80185 | Phenytoin; total |
| 80186 | free |
| 80187 | Posaconazole |
| 80188 | Primidone |
| 80194 | Quinidine |
| 80210 | Rufinamide |
| 80220 80195 | hydroxychloroquine Sirolimus |
| | Tacrolimus |
| 80197 80198 | |
| 00 130 | Theophylline |

| 80199 | Tiagabine |
|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 80200 | Tobramycin |
| 80164 | Valproic acid (dipropylacetic acid); total |
| 80165 | free |
| 80202 | Vancomycin |
| 80280 | Vedolizumab |
| 80285 | Voriconazole |
| 80203 | Zonisamide |
| 80299 | Quantitation of therapeutic drug, not elsewhere specified (see Rule 5A) |

PRESUMPTIVE DRUG CLASS SCREENING

| PRESUMPTIVE DRUG CLASS SCREENING | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| DEFINIT | DEFINITIVE DRUG TESTING | | |
| | | | |
| CODE | <u>DESCRIPTION</u> | | |
| 80305 | Drug test(s), presumptive, any number of drug classes, any number of devices or | | |
| | procedures; capable of being read by direct optical observation only (e.g., utilizing | | |
| | immunoassay [e.g., dipsticks, cups, cards, or cartridges]) includes sample validation | | |
| | when performed, per date of service | | |
| 80306 | read by instrument assisted direct optical observation (e.g., utilizing | | |
| | immunoassay [e.g., dipsticks, cups, cards, or cartridges]), includes sample | | |
| | validation when performed, per date of service | | |
| 80307 | by instrument chemistry analyzers (e.g., utilizing immunoassay [e.g., EIA, ELISA, | | |
| | EMIT, FPIA, IA, KIMS, RIA]), chromatography (e.g., GC, HPLC), and mass | | |
| | spectrometry either with or without chromatography, (e.g., DART, DESI, GC MS, GC-MS/MS, LC-MS/MS, LDTD, MALDI, TOF) includes sample validation | | |
| | when performed, per date of service | | |
| 80320 | Alcohols | | |
| 80323 | Alkaloids, not otherwise specified | | |
| 80324 | Amphetamines; 1 or 2 | | |
| 80325 | 3 or 4 | | |
| 80326 | 5 or more | | |
| 80335 | Antidepressants, tricyclic, and other cyclicals; 1 or 2 | | |
| 80336 | 3-5 | | |
| 80337 | 6 or more | | |
| 80345 | Barbiturates | | |
| 80346 | Benzodiazepines; 1-12 | | |
| 80347 | 13 or more | | |
| 80348 | Buprenorphine | | |
| 80349 | Cannabinoids, natural | | |
| 80350 | Cannabinoids, synthetic; 1-3 | | |

4-6

80351

| 80352 | 7 or more |
|-------|----------------------------------------------|
| 80353 | Cocaine |
| 80354 | Fentanyl Level |
| 80356 | Heroin metabolite |
| 80358 | Methadone |
| 80359 | Methylenedioxyamphetamines (MDA, MDEA, MDMA) |
| 80361 | Opiates, 1 or more |
| 80362 | Opioids and opiate analogs; 1 or 2 |
| 80363 | 3 or 4 |
| 80364 | 5 or more |
| 80365 | Oxycodone |
| 80367 | Propoxyphene |

EVOCATIVE/SUPPRESSION TESTING

The following tests involve the administration of evocative or suppressive agents and the baseline and subsequent measurement of their effects on chemical constituents. The costs of the evocative or suppressive agents are not included in the fee, with the exception of oral glucose for codes 80430 and 82950 – 82953. Reference to a particular analyte in the code description (e.g., cortisol x 2) indicates the minimum number of times that particular analysis must be performed in order to claim reimbursement for the test. When multiple evocative or suppressive tests are performed in combination reimbursement is limited to the greater fee plus 50% of the lesser fee(s).

| CODE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 80400 | ACTH stimulation panel; for adrenal insufficiency (cortisol x 2) |
| 80402 | for 21 hydroxylase deficiency (cortisol x 2 and 17 hydroxyprogesterone x 2) |
| 80406 | for 3 beta-hydroxydehydrogenase deficiency (cortisol x 2 and 17 |
| | hydroxypregnenolone x 2) |
| 80410 | Calcitonin stimulation panel (eg, calcium, pentagastrin) (calcitonin x 3) |
| 80414 | Chorionic gonadotropin stimulation panel; testosterone response (testosterone x 2) |
| 80415 | estradiol response (estradiol x 2) |
| 80416 | Renal vein renin stimulation panel (e.g., captopril) (renin x 6) |
| 80420 | Dexamethasone suppression panel, 48 hour (free cortisol/urine x 2 and cortisol x 2) |
| 80426 | Gonadotropin releasing hormone stimulation panel (follicle stimulating hormone (FSH) x |
| | 4 and luteinizing hormone (LH) x 4) |
| 80428 | Growth hormone stimulation panel (e.g., arginine infusion, I-dopa administration) |
| | (human growth hormone (HGH) x 4) |
| 80430 | Growth hormone suppression panel (includes glucose) (glucose x 3 and human growth |
| | hormone (HGH) x 4) |
| 80432 | Insulin-induced C-peptide suppression panel (insulin x 1 and C-peptide x 5 and glucose |
| | x 5) |
| 80436 | Metyrapone panel (cortisol x 2 and 11-deoxycortisol x 2) |
| 80438 | Thyrotropin releasing hormone (TRH) stimulation panel; 1 hour (thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH) x 3) |

URINALYSIS

| CODE | DESCRIPTION |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 81000 | Urinalysis, by dip stick or tablet reagent for bilirubin, glucose, hemoglobin, ketones, |
| | leukocytes, nitrite, ph, protein, specific gravity, urobilinogen, any number of these |
| | constituents; non-automated, with microscopy |
| 81001 | automated, with microscopy |
| 81002 | non-automated, without microscopy |
| 81003 | automated, without microscopy |
| 8100 <mark>7</mark> | bacteriuria screen, except by culture or dipstick |
| 810 <mark>15</mark> | microsc <mark>op</mark> ic only |
| 81025 | Urine pregnancy test, by visual color comparison methods |

MOLECULAR PATHOLOGY

| <u>DESCRIPTION</u> |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ABL1 (ABL proto-oncogene 1, non-receptor tyrosine kinase) (eg, acquired imatinib |
| tyrosine kinase inhibitor resistance), gene analysis, variants in the kinase domain |
| AFF2 (AF4/FMR2 family member2 [FMR2])(e.g. fragile X mental retardation 2 |
| [FRAXE]) |
| gene analysis; evaluation to detect abnormal (e.g., expanded) alleles |
| characterization of alleles (e.g., expanded size and methylation status |
| APC (adenomatous polyposis coli) (e.g., familial adenomatosis polyposis [FAP], |
| attenuated FAP) gene analysis; full gene sequence |
| known familial variants |
| duplication/deletion variants |
| AR (androgen receptor)(e.g., spinal and bulbar muscular atrophy, Kennedy disease, X |
| chromosome inactivation) gene analysis; characterization of alleles (e.g., expanded size |
| or methylation status) |
| full gene sequence |
| known familial variant |
| ASPA (aspartoacylase) (e.g., Canavan disease) gene analysis, common variants (e.g., |
| E285A, Y231X) |
| ATN1 (atrophin 1) (e.g., dentatorubral-pallidoluysian atrophy) gene analysis, evaluation |
| to detect abnormal (e.g., expanded) alleles |
| ATXN1 (ataxin 1) (e.g., spinocerebellar ataxia) gene analysis, evaluation to |
| detect abnormal (e.g., expanded) alleles |
| ATXN2 (ataxin 2) (e.g., spinocerebellar ataxia) gene analysis, evaluation to |
| detect abnormal (e.g., expanded) alleles |
| ATXN3 (ataxin 3) (e.g., spinocerebellar ataxia, Machado-Joseph disease) gene |
| analysis, evaluation to detect abnormal (e.g., expanded) alleles |
| ATXN7 (ataxin 7) (e.g., spinocerebellar ataxia) gene analysis, evaluation to |
| |

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| | detect abnormal (e.g., expanded) alleles |
| 81182 | ATXN8OS (ATXN8 opposite strand [non-protein coding]) (e.g., spinocerebellar ataxia) |
| | gene analysis, evaluation to detect abnormal (e.g., expanded) alleles |
| 81183 | ATXN10 (ataxin 10) (e.g., spinocerebellar ataxia) gene analysis, evaluation to |
| | detect abnormal (e.g., expanded) alleles |
| 81205 | BCKDHB (branched-chain keto acid dehydrogenase E1, beta polypeptide) (e.g., maple |
| | syrup urine disease) gene analysis, common variants (e.g., R183P, G278S, E422X) |
| 81206 | BCR/ABL1 (t(9;22)) (e.g., chronic myelogenous leukemia) translocation analysis; major |
| | breakpoint, qualitative or quantitative |
| 81207 | minor breakpoint, qualitative or quantitative |
| 81208 | other breakpoint, qualitative or quantitative |
| 81209 | BLM (Bloom syndrome, RecQ helicase-like) (e.g., Bloom syndrome) gene analysis, |
| | 2281del6ins7 variant |
| 81210 | BRAF (B-RAF proto-oncogene, serine/threonine kinase) (e.g., colon cancer, |
| | melanoma), gene analysis, V600 variant(s) |
| 81162 | BRCA1 (BRCA1, DNA repair associated), BRCA2 (BRCA2, DNA repair associated) |
| | (e.g., hered <mark>ita</mark> ry breast and ovarian cancer) gene analysis; full sequence analysis and |
| | full duplication/deletion analysis (i.e., detection of large gene rearrangements) |
| 81163 | full sequence analysis |
| 81164 | full duplication/deletion analysis (i.e., detection of large gene rearrangements) |
| 81212 | 185delAG, 5385insC, 6174delT variants |
| 81165 | BRCA1 (BRCA1, DNA repair associated) (e.g., hereditary breast and ovarian cancer) |
| | gene analysis; full sequence analysis |
| 81166 | full duplication/deletion analysis (i.e., detection of large gene rearrangements) |
| 81215 | known familial variant |
| 81216 | BRCA2 (BRCA2, DNA repair associated) (e.g., hereditary breast and ovarian cancer) |
| | gene analysis; full sequence analysis |
| 81167 | full duplication/deletion analysis (i.e., detection of large gene rearrangements) |
| 81217 | known familial variant |
| 81233 | BTK (Bruton's tyrosine kinase)(e.g., chronic lymphocytic leukemia) gene analysis, |
| | common variants (e.g., C481S, C481R, C481F) |
| 81184 | CACNA1A (calcium voltage-gated channel subunit alpha 1A) (e.g., spinocerebellar |
| | ataxia) gene analysis, evaluation to detect abnormal (e.g., expanded) alleles |
| 81185 | full gene sequence |
| 81186 | known familial variant |
| 81168 | CCND1/IGH (t(11;14)) (e.g., mantle cell lymphoma) translocation analysis, major |
| | breakpoint, qualitative and quantitative, if performed |
| 81218 | CEBPA (CCAAT/enhancer binding protein [C/EBP], alpha) (e.g. acute myeloid |
| | leukemia), gene analysis, full gene sequence |
| 81220 | CFTR (cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator) (e.g., cystic fibrosis) gene |
| | analysis; common variants (e.g., ACMG/ACOG guidelines) |
| 81221 | known familial variants |
| 81222 | duplication/deletion variants |

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|-----------------|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 812 | 223 | full gene sequence |
| 812 | 224 | intron 8 poly-T analysis (e.g., male infertility) |
| 81′ | 187 | CMBP (CCHC-type zinc finger nucleic acid binding protein) (e.g., myotonic dystrophy |
| | | type 2) gene analysis, evaluation to detect abnormal (e.g., expanded) alleles |
| 81 ² | 188 | CSTB (cystatin B)(e.g., Unverricht-Lunborg disease) gene analysis, evaluation to detect |
| | | abnormal (e.g., expanded) alleles |
| 81 | 189 | full gene sequence |
| | 190 | known familial variant |
| | 226 | CYP2D6(cytochrome P450, family2, subfamily D, polypeptide 6) (e.g., drug |
| 012 | | metabolism), gene analysis, common variants |
| | | (e.g.,*2,*3,*4,*5,*6,*9,*10,*17,*19,*29,*35,*41,*1XN,*2XN,*4XN) |
| 044 | 227 | CYPC19(cytochrome P450, family 2, subfamily C, polypeptide 9) (e.g., drug |
| 0 12 | 221 | |
| 044 | 220 | metabolism), gene analysis, common variants (e.g.,*2,*3,*5,*6) |
| 012 | 228 | Cytogenomic (genome-wide) analysis for constitutional chromosomal abnormalities; |
| | | interrogation of genomic regions for copy number variants, comparative genomic |
| 044 | 220 | hybridization (CGH) microarray analysis |
| 014 | 229 | interrogation of genomic regions for copy number and single nucleotide |
| | | polymorphism (SNP) variants, comparative genomic hybridization (CGH) |
| 04 | 404 | microarray analysis |
| 81 | 161 | DMD (dystrophin) (e.g., Duchenne/Becker muscular dystrophy) deletion analysis, |
| - 4 | | and duplication analysis, if performed |
| 812 | 234 | DMPK (DM1 protein kinase)(e.g., myotonic dystrophy type 1) gene analysis; evaluation |
| | | to detect abnormal (expanded) alleles |
| | 239 | characterization of alleles (e.g., expanded size) |
| 812 | 232 | DPYD (dihydropyrimidine dehydrogenase) (e.g., 5-fluorouracil/5-FU and capecitabine |
| | | drug metabolism), gene analysis, common variant(s) (e.g., *2A, *4, *5, *6) |
| 812 | 235 | EGFR (epidermal growth factor receptor) (e.g., non-small cell lung cancer) gene |
| | | analysis, common variants (e.g., exon 19 LREA deletion, L858R, T790M, G719A, |
| | | G719S, L861Q) |
| 812 | 236 | EZH2 (enhancer of zeste 2 polycomb repressive complex 2 subunit) (e.g., |
| | | myelodysplastic syndrome, myeloproliferative disease) gene anlaysis, full gene |
| | | sequence |
| 812 | 237 | EZH2 (enhancer of zeste 2 polycomb repressive complex 2 subunit) (e.g., diffuse large |
| | | B-cell lymphoma) gene analysis, common variant(s) (e.g., codon 646) |
| 812 | 240 | F2 (prothrombin, coagulation factor ii) (e.g., hereditary hypercoagulability) gene |
| | | analysis, 20210G>A variant |
| 812 | 241 | F5 (coagulation factor V) (e.g., hereditary hypercoagulability) gene analysis, Leiden |
| | | variant |
| 812 | 238 | F9 (coagulation factor IX) e.g., hemophilia B), full gene sequence |
| 812 | 242 | FANCC (Fanconi anemia, complementation group C) (e.g., Fanconi anemia, type C) |
| | | gene analysis, common variant (e.g., IVS4+4A>T) |
| 812 | 245 | FLT3 (fms-related tyrosine kinase 3) (e.g., acute myeloid leukemia), gene analysis; |
| | | internal tandem duplication (ITD) variants (i.e., exons 14, 15) |
| | | — 40 640 |

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| 81246 | tyrosine kinase domain (TKD) variants (e.g., D835, I836) |
| 81243 | FMR1 (fragile X mental retardation 1) (e.g., fragile X mental retardation) gene analysis; |
| | evaluation to detect abnormal (e.g., expanded) alleles |
| 81244 | characterization of alleles (e.g., expanded size and promoter methylation status) |
| 81284 | FXN (frataxin)(e.g., Friedreuch ataxia) gene analysis; evaluation to detect abnormal |
| | (expanded) alleles |
| 81285 | characterization of alleles (e.g., expanded size) |
| 81286 | full gene sequence |
| 81289 | known familial variants |
| 8125 <mark>0</mark> | G6PC (glucose-6-phosphatase, catalytic subunit) (e.g., Glycogen storage disease, type |
| | 1a, von Gierke disease) gene analysis, common variants (e.g., R83C, Q347X) |
| 81248 | known familial variant(s) |
| 81249 | full gene sequence |
| 81251 | GBA (glucosidase, beta, acid) (e.g., Gaucher disease) gene analysis, common variants |
| | (e.g., N370S, 84GG, L444P, IVS2+1G>A) |
| 81252 | GJB <mark>2 (gap junction protein, beta</mark> 2, 26kDa; connexin 26) (e.g., nonsyndromic hearing |
| • | loss) gene analysis; full gene sequence |
| 81253 | known familial variants |
| 81254 | GJB6 (gap junction protein, beta 6, 30kDa, connexin 30) (e.g., nonsyndromic hearing |
| 0.20. | loss) gene analysis, common variants (e.g., 309kb [del(GJB6-D13S1830)] and 232kb |
| | [del(GJB6-D13S1854)]) |
| | [46/(6626 2 166 166 1/1)] |
| 81257 | HBA1/HBA2 (alpha globin 1 and alpha globin 2) (e.g., alpha thalassemia, HB bart |
| | hydrops fetalis syndrome, HbH disease), gene analysis; common deletions or variant |
| | (e.g., Southeast Asian, Thai, Filip <mark>ino, M</mark> edit <mark>erran</mark> ean, <mark>alp</mark> ha3.7, alpha4.2, alpha20.5, |
| | Constant spring) |
| 81258 | known familial variant |
| 81259 | full gene sequence |
| 81269 | duplication/deletion variants |
| 81361 | HBB (hemoglobin, subunit beta) (e.g., sickle ce <mark>ll anemia,</mark> beta thalassemia, |
| | hemoglobinopathy); common variant(s) (e.g., HbS, HbC, HbE) |
| 81362 | known familial variant(s) |
| 81363 | duplication/deletion variant(s) |
| 81364 | full gene sequence |
| 81255 | HEXA (hexosaminidase A [alpha polypeptide]) (e.g., Tay-Sachs disease) gene analysis, |
| | common variants (e.g., 1278insTATC, 1421+1G>C, G269S) |
| 81271 | HTT (huntingtin) (e.g., Huntington disease) gene analysis; evaluation to detect |
| | abnormal (e.g., expanded) alleles |
| 81274 | characterization of alleles (e.g., expanded size) |
| 81278 | IGH@/BCL2 (t(14;18)) (e.g., follicular lymphoma) translocation analysis, major |
| | breakpoint |
| | region (MBR) and minor cluster region (mcr) breakpoints, qualitative or quantitative |

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| 81260 | IKBKAP (inhibitor of kappa light polypeptide gene enhancer in B-cells, kinase complex- |
| | associated protein) (e.g., familial dysautonomia) gene analysis, common variants (e.g., |
| | 2507+6T>C, R696P) |
| 81279 | JAK2 (Janus kinase 2) (e.g., myeloproliferative disorder) targeted sequence analysis |
| 012.0 | (e.g., exons 12 and 13) |
| 81275 | KRAS (Kirsten rat sarcoma viral oncogene homolog) (e.g., carcinoma) gene analysis; |
| | variants in exon 2 (e.g., codons 12 and 13) |
| 81276 | additional variant(s) (e.g., codon 61, codon 146) |
| 81290 | MCOLN1 (mucolipin 1) (e.g., Mucolipidosis, type IV) gene analysis, common variants |
| 01230 | (e.g., IVS3-2A>G, del6.4kb) |
| 81302 | MECP2 (methyl cpg binding protein 2) (e.g., Rett syndrome) gene analysis; full |
| 01302 | sequence analysis |
| 81303 | known familial variant |
| 81304 | |
| 81287 | duplication/deletion variants MGMT (0-6 methylguanine-DNA methyltransferase) (e.g., glioblastoma multiforme) |
| 01201 | promoter methylation analysis |
| 81301 | |
| 01301 | Microsatellite instability analysis (e.g., hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch syndrome) of markers for mismatch repair deficiency (e.g., BAT25, BAT26), includes |
| | |
| 04202 | comparison of neoplastic and normal tissue, if performed MLH1 (mutL homolog 1, colon cancer, nonpolyposis type 2) (e.g., hereditary non- |
| 81292 | polyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch syndrome) gene analysis; full sequence analysis |
| 81293 | known familial variants |
| 81294 | duplication/deletion variants |
| 81338 | MPL (MPL proto-oncogene, thrombopoietin receptor) (e.g., myeloproliferative disorder) |
| 01330 | gene analysis; common variants (e.g., W515A, W515K, W515L, W515R) |
| 81339 | sequence analysis, exon 10 |
| 81295 | MSH2 (mutS homolog 2, colon cancer, nonpolyposis type 1) (e.g., hereditary non- |
| 01293 | |
| 81296 | polyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch syndrome) gene analysis; full sequence analysis known familial variants |
| 81297 | duplication/deletion variants |
| 81298 | MSH6 (mutS homolog 6 [E. coli]) (e.g., hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer, |
| 01200 | Lynch syndrome) gene analysis; full sequence analysis |
| 81299 | known familial variants |
| 81300 | duplication/deletion variants |
| 81305 | MYD88 (myeloid differentiation primary response 88) (e.g., Waldenstrom's |
| 01000 | macroglobulinemia, lymphoplasmacytic leukemia) gene analysis, pLeu265Pro (L265P) |
| | variant |
| 81310 | NPM1 (nucleophosmin) (e.g., acute myeloid leukemia) gene analysis, exon 12 variants |
| 81311 | NRAS (neuroblastoma RAS viral [v-ras] oncogene homolog) (e.g., colorectal |
| . | carcinoma), gene analysis, variants in exon 2 (e.g., codons 12 and 13) and exon 3 (e.g., |
| | codon 61) |
| 81191 | NTRK1 (neurotrophic receptor tyrosine kinase 1) (e.g., solid tumors) translocation |
| J | analysis |
| | 5 |

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| 81192 | NTRK2 (neurotrophic receptor tyrosine kinase 2) (e.g., solid tumors) translocation | |
| | analysis | |
| 81193 | NTRK3 (neurotrophic receptor tyrosine kinase 3) (e.g., solid tumors) translocation | |
| | analysis | |
| 81194 | NTRK (neurotrophic receptor tyrosine kinase 1, 2, and 3) (e.g., solid tumors) | |
| | translocation analysis | |
| 81312 | PABPN1 (ply[A] binding protein nuclear 1) (e.g., oculopharyngeal muscular dystrophy) | |
| | gene analysis, evaluation to detect abnormal (e.g., expanded) alleles | |
| 81307 | PALB2 (partner and localizer of BRCA2) full sequence analysis | |
| 81308 | known familial variant | |
| 81309 | PIK3CA (e.g., colorectal and breast cancer partner and localizer of BRCA2) targeted | |
| | sequence analysis | |
| 81320 | PLCG2 (phospholipase C gamma 2) (e.g., chronic lymphocytic leukemia) gene analysis, | |
| 0.020 | common variants (e.g., R665W, S707Fm L845F) | |
| 81314 | PDGFRA (platelet-derived growth factor receptor, alpha polypeptide) (e.g., | |
| 0.01. | gastrointestinal stromal tumor [GIST]), gene analysis, targeted sequence analysis (e.g., | |
| | exons 12, 18) | |
| 81315 | PML/RARalpha, (t (15;17)), (promyelocytic leukemia/retinoic acid receptor alpha) (e.g., | |
| 0.0.0 | promyelocytic leukemia) translocation analysis; common breakpoints (e.g., intron 3 and | |
| | intron 6), qualitative or quantitative | |
| 81316 | single breakpoint (e.g., intron 3, intron 6 or exon 6), qualitative or quantitative | |
| 81317 | PMS2 (postmeiotic segregation increased 2 [S. cerevisiae]) (e.g., hereditary non- | |
| 0.01. | polyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch syndrome) gene analysis; full sequence analysis | |
| 81318 | known familial variants | |
| 81319 | duplication/deletion variants | |
| 81343 | PPP2R2B (protein phosphatase 2 regulatory subunit Bbeta) (e.g., spinocerebellar | |
| | ataxia) gene analysis, evaluation to detect abnormal (e.g., expanded) alleles | |
| 81321 | PTEN (phosphatase and tensin homolog) (e.g., Cowden syndrome, PTEN hamartoma | |
| | tumor syndrome) gene analysis; full sequence analysis | |
| 81322 | known familial variant | |
| 81323 | duplication/deletion variant | |
| 81332 | SERPINA1 (serpin peptidase inhibitor, clade A, alpha-1 antiproteinase, antitrypsin, | |
| | member 1) (e.g., alpha-1-antitrypsin deficiency), gene analysis, common variants (e.g., | |
| | *S and *Z) | |
| 81347 | SF3B1 (splicing factor [3b] subunit B1) (e.g., myelodysplastic syndrome/acute myeloid | |
| | leukemia) gene analysis, common variants (e.g., A672T, E622D, L833F, R625C, | |
| | R625L) | |
| 81329 | SMN1 (survival of motor neuron 1, telomeric) (e.g., spinal muscular atrophy) gene | |
| | analysis; dosage/deletion analysis (e.g., carrier testing), includes <i>SNM2</i> (survival of | |
| | motor neuron 2, centromeric) analysis, if performed | |
| 81336 | full gene sequence | |
| 81337 | known familial sequence variant(s) | |
| - - | | |

| 04000 | CMDD4/ III III III III III III III III III I | | |
|----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| 81330 | SMPD1(sphingomyelin phosphodiesterase 1, acid lysosomal) (e.g., Niemann-Pick | | |
| | disease, Type A) gene analysis, common variants (e.g., R496L, L302P, fsP330) | | |
| 81331 | SNRPN/UBE3A (small nuclear ribonucleoprotein polypeptide N and ubiquitin proteir | | |
| | ligase E3A) (e.g., Prader-Willi syndrome and/or Angelman syndrome), methylation | | |
| | analysis | | |
| 81348 | SRSF2 (serine and arginine-rich splicing factor 2) (e.g., myelodysplastic syndrome, | | |
| | acute | | |
| | myeloid leukemia) gene analysis, common variants (e.g., P95H, P95L) | | |
| 81349 | Genome-wide microarray analysis for copy number and loss-of-heterozygosity variants | | |
| 81344 | TPA (TATA box binding protein) (e.g., spinocerebellar ataxia) gene analysis, evaluation | | |
| 01011 | to detect abnormal (e.g., expanded) alleles | | |
| 81345 | TERT (telomerase reverse transcriptase) (e.g., thyroid carcinoma, glioblastoma | | |
| 01040 | multiforme) gene analysis, targeted sequence analysis (eg, promotor region) | | |
| 81351 | | | |
| 01331 | TP53 (tumor protein 53) (e.g., Li-Fraumeni syndrome) gene analysis; full gene | | |
| 81352 | sequence | | |
| 81352 81353 | targeted sequence an <mark>aly</mark> sis (e.g., 4 oncology) known familial variant | | |
| | | | |
| 81335 | TPMT (thiopurine S-methyltransferase) (e.g., drug metabolism), gene analysis, common | | |
| 04246 | variants (e.g., *2, *3) | | |
| 81346 | TYMS (thymidylate synthetase) (e.g., 5-fluorouracil/5-FU drug metabolism), gene | | |
| 04057 | analysis, common variant(s) (e.g., tandem repeat variant) | | |
| 81357 | U2AF1 (U2 small nuclear RNA auxiliary factor 1) (e.g., myelodysplastic syndrome, | | |
| | acute | | |
| 04050 | myeloid leukemia) gene analysis, common variants (e.g., S34F, S34Y, Q157R, Q157P) | | |
| 81350 | UGT1A1 (UDP glucuronosyltransferase 1 family, polypeptide A1) (e.g., irinotecan | | |
| 040== | metabolism), gene analysis, common variants (e.g., *28, *36, *37) | | |
| 81355 | VKORC1 (vitamin k epoxide reductase complex, subunit 1) (e.g., warfarin metabolism), | | |
| 0.4.0.0 | gene analysis, common variant(s) (e.g1639G>A, c.173+1000C>T) | | |
| 81360 | ZRSR2 (zinc finger CCCH-type, RNA binding motif and serine/arginine-rich 2) (e.g., | | |
| | myelodysplastic syndrome, acute myeloid leukemia) gene analysis, common variant(s) | | |
| | (e.g., E65fs, E122fs, R448fs) | | |
| 81400 | Molecular pathology procedure, level 1 (e.g., identification of single germline variant | | |
| | [e.g., SNP] by techniques such as restriction enzyme digestion or melt curve analysis) | | |
| 81401 | Molecular pathology procedure, Level 2 (e.g., 2-10 SNPs, 1 methylated variant, or 1 | | |
| | somatic variant [typically using nonsequencing target variant analysis], or detection of a | | |
| | dynamic mutation disorder/triplet repeat) | | |
| 81402 | Molecular pathology procedure, Level 3 (e.g., >10 SNPs, 2-10 methylated variants, or 2- | | |
| | 10 somatic variants [typically using non-sequencing target variant analysis], | | |
| | immunoglobulin and T-cell receptor gene rearrangements, duplication/deletion variants | | |
| | 1 exon, loss of heterozygosity [LOH], uniparental disomy [UPD]) | | |
| 81403 | Molecular pathology procedure, Level 4 (e.g., analysis of single exon by DNA sequence | | |
| | analysis, analysis of >10 amplicons using multiplex PCR in 2 or more independent | | |
| | reactions, mutation scanning or duplication/deletion variants of 2-5 exons) | | |
| | Page 23 of 49 | | |

| 81404 | 1 91 , (3 ,) | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | analysis, mutation scanning or duplication/deletion variants of 6-10 exons, or | | | |
| | characterization of a dynamic mutation disorder/triplet repeat by Southern blot analysis) | | | |
| 81405 | Molecular pathology procedure, Level 6 (e.g., analysis of 6-10 exons by DNA sequence | | | |
| | analysis, mutation scanning or duplication/deletion variants of 11-25 exons, regionally | | | |
| | targeted cytogenomic array analysis) | | | |
| 81406 | Molecular pathology procedure, Level 7 (e.g., analysis of 11-25 exons by DNA | | | |
| | sequence analysis, mutation scanning or duplication/deletion variants of 26-50 exons, | | | |
| | cytogenomic array analysis for neoplasia) | | | |
| 8140 <mark>7</mark> | Molecular pathology procedure, Level 8 (e.g., analysis of 26-50 exons by DNA | | | |
| | sequence analysis, mutation scanning or duplication/deletion variants of >50 exons, | | | |
| | sequ <mark>ence</mark> analysis of multiple genes on one platform) | | | |
| 81408 | Molecular pathology procedure, Level 9 (e.g., analysis of >50 exons in a single gene by | | | |
| | DNA <mark>se</mark> quence analysis) | | | |
| 81479 | Unlisted molecular pathology procedure | | | |
| 81413 | Cardiac ion channelopathies (e.g., Brugada syndrome, long QT syndrome, short QT | | | |
| | syndrome, <mark>cat</mark> echolaminergi <mark>c p</mark> olymorphic ventricular tachycardia); genomic sequence | | | |
| | analysis panel, must include sequencing of at least 10 genes including ANK2, CASQ2, | | | |
| | CAV3, KCNE1, KCNE2, KCNH2, KCNJ2, KCNQ1, RYR2, and SCN5A | | | |
| 81414 | duplication/deletion gene analysis panel, must include analysis of at least 2 | | | |
| | genes, including KCNH2 and KCNQ1 | | | |
| 81420 | Fetal chromosomal aneuploidy (e.g., trisomy21, monosomy X) genomic sequence | | | |
| | analysis panel, circulating cell-free fetal DNA in maternal blood, must include analysis of | | | |
| | chromosomes 13,18, and 21 | | | |

MULTIANALYTE ASSAYS WITH ALGORITHMIC ANALYSES

| CODE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 81507 | Fetal aneuploidy (trisomy 21, 18 and 13) DNA sequence analysis of selected regions |
| | using maternal plasma, algorithm reported as a risk score for each trisomy |
| 81508 | Fetal congenital abnormalities, biochemical assays of two proteins (PAPP-A, hCG [any |
| | form]), utilizing maternal serum, algorithm reported as a risk score |
| 81509 | Fetal congenital abnormalities, biochemical assays of three proteins (PAPP-A, hCG |
| | [any form], DIA), utilizing maternal serum, algorithm reported as a risk score |
| 81510 | Fetal congenital abnormalities, biochemical assays of three analytes (AFP, uE3, hCG |
| | [any form]), utilizing maternal serum, algorithm reported as a risk score |
| 81511 | Fetal congenital abnormalities, biochemical assays of four analytes (AFP, uE3, hCG |
| | [any form], DIA) utilizing maternal serum, algorithm reported as a risk score (may |
| | include additional results from previous biochemical testing) |
| 81512 | Fetal congenital abnormalities, biochemical assays of five analytes (AFP, uE3, total |
| • · · · · · | hCG, hyperglycosylated hCG, DIA) utilizing maternal serum, algorithm reported as a |
| | risk score |

81519 Oncology (breast), mRNA, gene expression profiling by real-time RT-PCR of 21 genes, utilizing formalin-fixed paraffin embedded tissue, algorithm reported as recurrence score Request for testing is appropriate for the following population: female or male patient with recently diagnosed breast tumors, where all of the following criteria are met: When the test results will aid the patient and practitioner in making the decision regarding chemotherapy (i.e., when chemotherapy is a therapeutic option and is not precluded due to any other factor); and The tumor is estrogen receptor positive (ER+), progesterone receptor positive (PR+), or both; and Human epidermal growth factor receptor 2 (HER2) negative; and Tumor is T1 or T2; and Node-negative or 1-3 positive nodes. 81520 Oncology (breast), mRNA, gene expression profiling by hybrid capture of 58 genes (50 content and 8 housekeeping), utilizing formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue, algorithm reported as recurrence risk score (see criteria under 81519) 81522 Oncology (breast), mRNA, gene expression profiling by RT-PCR of 12 genes (8 content and 4 housekeeping), utilizing formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue, algorithm reported as recurrence risk score (see criteria under 81519) Next-generation sequencing of breast cancer profiling 70 content genes and 31 81523 housekeeping genes Oncology (colorectal screening, quantitative real-time target, and signal amplification of 81528 10 DNA markers (KRAS mutations, promoter methylation of NDRG4 and BMP3) and fecal hemoglobin, utilizing stool, algorithm reported as a positive or negative result Oncology (lung), mass spectrometric 8-protein signature, including amyloid A, utilizing 81538 serum, prognostic and predictive algorithm reported as good versus poor overall survival 81503 Oncology (ovarian), biochemical assays of five proteins (CA-125, apolipoprotein A1, beta-2 microglobulin, transferrin, and pre-albumin), utilizing serum, algorithm reported as a risk score 81595 Cardiology (heart transplant), mRNA, gene expression profiling by real-time quantitative PCR of 20 genes (11 content and 9 housekeeping), utilizing subfraction of peripheral blood, algorithm reported as a rejection risk score Infectious disease, chronic hepatitis C virus (HCV) infection, six biochemical assays 81596 (ALT, A2-macroglobulin, apolipoprotein A-1, total bilirubin, GGT and haptoglobin) utilizing serum, prognostic algorithm reported as scores for fibrosis and

81599

necroinflammatory activity in liver

Unlisted multianalyte assay with algorithmic analysis

CHEMISTRY

| CODE | DESCRIPTION | | | |
|---------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 82009 | Ketone body(s) (e.g., acetone, acetoacetic acid, beta-hydroxybutyrate); qualitative | | | |
| 82013 | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | | | |
| 82016 | | | | |
| 82017 | quantitative, each specimen | | | |
| 82024 | Adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH) | | | |
| 82040 | Albumin; serum, plasma, or whole blood (see Rule 11) | | | |
| 8204 3 | urine (e.g., microalbumin), quantitative (see Rule 11) | | | |
| 82044 | urine (e.g., microalbumin), semiquantitative (eg, reagent strip assay) (see Rule | | | |
| 020 | 11) | | | |
| 82045 | ischemia modified | | | |
| 82042 | other source, quantitative, each specimen (see Rule 11) | | | |
| 82088 | Aldosterone | | | |
| 82103 | Alph <mark>a-</mark> 1-antitrypsin; total | | | |
| 82104 | phenotype | | | |
| 82105 | Alpha-fetop <mark>rot</mark> ein (AFP); serum | | | |
| 82106 | amniotic fluid | | | |
| 82107 | AFP-L3 fraction isoform and total AFP (including ratio) | | | |
| 82108 | Aluminum | | | |
| 82120 | Amines, vaginal fluid, q <mark>uali</mark> tative | | | |
| 82127 | Amino acids; single, qualitative, each specimen (not elsewhere specified) | | | |
| 82128 | multiple, qualitative, each specimen (not elsewhere specified) | | | |
| 82131 | single, quantitative, each specimen, (not elsewhere specified) | | | |
| 82136 | Amino acids, 2 to 5 amino acids, quantitative, each specimen | | | |
| 82139 | Amino acids, 6 or more amino acids, quantitative, each specimen | | | |
| 82140 | Ammonia (blood) | | | |
| 82143 | Amniotic fluid scan (spectrophotometric) | | | |
| 82150 | Amylase (see Rule 11) | | | |
| 82154 | Androstanediol glucuronide | | | |
| 82157 | Androstenedione | | | |
| 82172 | Apolipoprotein, each (see Rule 16) | | | |
| 82175 | Arsenic | | | |
| 82180 | Ascorbic acid (Vitamin C), blood | | | |
| 82232 | Beta-2 microglobulin | | | |
| 82239 | Bile acids; total | | | |
| 82240 | cholylglycine | | | |
| 82247 | Bilirubin; total (see Rule 11) | | | |
| 82248 | direct (see Rule 11) | | | |

Biotinidase, each specimen

82261

| | Laboratory Procedure Codes Manual | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 82270 | Blood, occult, by peroxidase activity (e.g., guaiac), qualitative; feces, consecutive | | | |
| | collected specimens with single determination, for colorectal neoplasm screening (i.e., | | | |
| | patient was provided 3 cards or single triple card for consecutive collection) | | | |
| 82274 | | | | |
| | 3 simultaneous determinations | | | |
| 82300 | Cadmium | | | |
| 82306 | Vitamin D; 25 hydroxy, includes fraction(s), if performed | | | |
| 82308 | Calcitonin | | | |
| 82310 | Calcium; total (see Rule 11) | | | |
| 8233 <mark>0</mark> | ionized (see Rule 11) | | | |
| 82340 | urine qu <mark>an</mark> titative, timed specimen (see Rule 11) | | | |
| 82355 | Calcu <mark>lus; qualitat</mark> ive analysis | | | |
| 82360 | quantitative analysis, chemical | | | |
| 82365 | infrared spectroscopy | | | |
| 82370 | x-ray diffraction | | | |
| 82373 | Carbo <mark>h</mark> ydra <mark>te d</mark> eficient transf <mark>err</mark> in | | | |
| 82374 | Carbon dio <mark>xid</mark> e (bicarbonate <mark>) (s</mark> ee Rule 11) | | | |
| 82375 | Carboxyhe <mark>mo</mark> globin; quantitative | | | |
| 82378 | Carcinoembryonic antigen (CEA) (see Rule 15) | | | |
| 82379 | Carnitine (total and free), quantitative, each specimen | | | |
| 82382 | Catecholamines; total urine | | | |
| 82383 | blood | | | |
| 82384 | fractionated | | | |
| 82390 | Ceruloplasmin | | | |
| 82435 | Chloride; blood (see Rule 11) | | | |
| 82436 | urine (see Rule 11) | | | |
| 82438 | other source (see Rule 11) | | | |
| 82465 | Cholesterol, serum or whole blood, total (see Rule 11) | | | |
| 82480 | Cholinesterase; serum | | | |
| 82495 | Chromium | | | |
| 82507 | Citrate | | | |
| 82523 | Collagen cross links, any method | | | |
| 82525 | Copper | | | |
| 82530 | Cortisol; free | | | |
| 82533 | total | | | |
| 82550 | Creatine kinase (CK), (CPK); total (see Rule 11) | | | |
| 82552 | isoenzymes | | | |
| 82553 | MB fraction only | | | |
| 82565 | Creatinine; blood (see Rule 11) | | | |
| 82570 | other source (see Rule 11) | | | |
| 82575 | clearance (see Rule 11) | | | |
| 82595 | Cryoglobulin, qualitative or semi-quantitative (e.g., cryocrit) | | | |
| 82607 | Cyanocobalamin (Vitamin B 12); (see Rule 6B) | | | |

| | Laboratory Procedure Codes Manual | | | |
|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 82608 | unsaturated binding capacity | | | |
| 82615 | Cystine and homocystine, urine, qualitative | | | |
| 82626 | Dehydroepiandrosterone (DHEA) | | | |
| 82627 | Dehydroepiandrosterone-sulfate (DHEA-S) | | | |
| 82634 | Deoxycortisol, 11 | | | |
| 82653 | | | | |
| 82656 | | | | |
| 82668 | | | | |
| 82670 | | | | |
| 82681 | | | | |
| 82672 | Estrogens; total | | | |
| 82677 | Estriol | | | |
| 82679 | Estrone | | | |
| 82705 | Fat or lipids, feces; qualitative | | | |
| 82710 | quantitative | | | |
| 82726 | Very <mark>lo</mark> ng chain fatty acids | | | |
| 82728 | | | | |
| 82731 | | | | |
| 82746 | | | | |
| 82747 | | | | |
| 82759 | | | | |
| 82760 | Galactose | | | |
| 82775 | Galactose-1-phosphate uridyl transferase; quantitative | | | |
| 82784 | Gammaglobulin (immunoglobulin); IgA, IgD, IgG, IgM, each | | | |
| 82785 | lgE | | | |
| 82787 | immunoglobulin subclasses (e.g., lgG1, 2, 3 or 4), each | | | |
| 82803 | | | | |
| | calculated 0 ₂ saturation); | | | |
| 82805 | with 0 ₂ saturation, by direct measurement, except pulse oximetry | | | |
| 82810 | Gases, blood, O ₂ saturation only, by direct measurement, except pulse oximetry | | | |
| 82820 | Hemoglobin-oxygen affinity (pO ₂ for 50% hemoglobin saturation with oxygen) | | | |
| 82938 | Gastrin after secretin stimulation | | | |
| 82941 | Gastrin | | | |
| 82943 | Glucagon | | | |
| 82945 | Glucose, body fluid, other than blood (see Rule 11) | | | |
| 82947 | Glucose; quantitative, blood (except reagent strip) (see Rule 11) | | | |
| 82948 | blood, reagent strip | | | |
| 82950 | post glucose dose (includes glucose) | | | |
| 82951 | tolerance test (GTT), 3 specimens (includes glucose) | | | |
| 82952 | tolerance test, each additional beyond 3 specimens | | | |
| | (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure) | | | |
| | (Use 82952 in conjunction with 82951) | | | |
| 82955 | Glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase (G6PD); quantitative | | | |

| | Laboratory Procedure Codes Manual | | | |
|-------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 82960 | screen | | | |
| 82963 | Glucosidase, beta | | | |
| 82965 | Glutamate dehydrogenase | | | |
| 82977 | Glutamyltransferase, gamma (GGT) (see Rule 11) | | | |
| 82985 | Glycated protein | | | |
| 83001 | Gonadotropin; follicle stimulating hormone (FSH) | | | |
| 83002 | luteinizing hormone (LH) | | | |
| 83003 | Growth hormone, human (HGH) (somatotropin) | | | |
| 83009 | | | | |
| | C-13) (includes kit) | | | |
| 83010 | Haptoglobin; quantitative | | | |
| 83013 | Helicobacter pylori; breath test analysis for urease activity, non-radioactive isotope | | | |
| | (includes kit) | | | |
| 83015 | Heavy metal (eg, arsenic, barium, beryllium, bismuth, antimony, mercury); qualitative, | | | |
| | any <mark>nu</mark> mber o <mark>f an</mark> alytes | | | |
| 83020 | Hemoglobin fractionation and quantitation; electrophoresis (eg, A2, S, C, and/or F) | | | |
| 83021 | | | | |
| 83030 | | | | |
| 83036 | | | | |
| 83050 | methemoglobin, quantitative | | | |
| 83051 | plasma | | | |
| 83080 | b-Hexosaminidase, each assay (Tay Sachs diagnostic/carrier testing) | | | |
| 83090 | Homocysteine | | | |
| 83150 | Homovanillic acid (HVA) | | | |
| 83497 | Hydroxyindolacetic acid, 5-(HIAA) | | | |
| 83498 | Hydroxyprogesterone, 17-d | | | |
| 83500 | Hydroxyproline; free | | | |
| 83505 | total | | | |
| 83521 | Measurement of immunoglobulin light chains | | | |
| 83525 | Insulin; total | | | |
| 83527 | free | | | |
| 83529 | Measurement of interleukin-6 | | | |
| 83540 | Iron (see Rule 11) | | | |
| 83550 | Iron binding capacity (see Rule 11) | | | |
| 83586 | Ketosteroids, 17 (17-KS); total | | | |
| 83593 | fractionation | | | |
| 83605 | Lactate (lactic acid) | | | |
| 83615 | Lactate dehydrogenase (LD), (LDH); (see Rule 11) | | | |
| 83625 | isoenzymes, separation and quantitation | | | |
| 83630 | Lactoferrin, fecal; qualitative | | | |
| 83631 | quantitative | | | |
| 83655 | Lead | | | |
| 83661 | Fetal lung maturity assessment; lecithin sphingomyelin (L/S) ratio | | | |

| | Laboratory Procedure Codes Manual | |
|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| 83662 | foam stability test | |
| 83663 | fluorescence polarization | |
| 83664 | lamellar body density | |
| 83690 | | |
| 83718 | Lipoprotein, direct measurement; high density cholesterol (HDL cholesterol) | |
| | (see Rule 11) | |
| 83727 | Luteinizing releasing factor (LRH) | |
| 83735 | Magnesium (see Rule 11) | |
| 83785 | Manganese | |
| 83825 | Mercury, quantitative | |
| 83835 | Metanephrines | |
| 83864 | Mucopolysaccharides, acid, quantitative | |
| 83876 | Myeloperoxidase (MPO) | |
| 83880 | Natriuretic peptide | |
| 83918 | Org <mark>anic</mark> acids; total, quantitative, each specimen | |
| 83919 | qualitative, each specimen | |
| 83921 | Organic acid, single, quantitative | |
| 83930 | Osmolality; blood (see Rule 4) | |
| 83935 | urine (see Rule 4) | |
| 83945 | Oxalate | |
| 83950 | Oncoprotein; HER-2/neu (see Rule 15) | |
| 83951 | des-gamma-carboxy-prothrombin (DCP) | |
| 83970 | Parathormone (parathyroid hormone) | |
| 83993 | Calprotectin, fecal | |
| 84030 | Phenylalanine (PKU), blood | |
| 84060 | Phosphatase, acid; total (see Rule 11) | |
| 84066 | prostatic (see Rule 15) | |
| 84075 | Phosphatase, alkaline; (see Rule 11) | |
| 84078 | heat stable (total not included) (see Rule 11) | |
| 84080 | isoenzymes | |
| 84081 | Phosphatidylglycerol (separate procedure) | |
| 84087 | Phosphohexose isomerase | |
| 84100 | Phosphorus inorganic (phosphate); (see Rule 11) | |
| 84105 | urine (see Rule 11) | |
| 84106 | Porphobilinogen, urine; qualitative | |
| 84110 | quantitative | |
| 84112 | Evaluation of cervicovaginal fluid for specific amniotic fluid protein(s) (eg, placental | |
| | alpha macroglobulin-1 [PAMG-1], placental protein 12[PP12}, alpha-fetoprotein), | |
| | qualitative, each specimen (Only PAMG-1 is a covered service) | |
| 84119 | Porphyrins, urine; qualitative | |
| 84120 | quantitation and fractionation | |
| 84132 | Potassium; serum, plasma or whole blood (see Rule 11) | |
| 84133 | urine (see Rule 11) | |
| | B 00 - C | |

| | Laboratory Procedure Codes Manual | | | |
|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 84134 | Prealbumin | | | |
| 84140 | Pregnenolone | | | |
| 84143 | 17-hydroxypregnenolone | | | |
| 84144 | Progesterone | | | |
| 84146 | Prolactin | | | |
| 84152 | Prostate specific antigen (PSA); complexed (direct measurement) | | | |
| 84153 | total (see Rule 15) | | | |
| 84154 | | | | |
| 84155 | Protein, total, except by refractometry; serum, plasma or whole blood (see Rule 11) | | | |
| 84156 | | | | |
| 84157 | | | | |
| 84160 | | | | |
| 84163 | | | | |
| 84165 | | | | |
| 84166 | | | | |
| | (e.g., urine, CSF) | | | |
| 84202 | Protoporph <mark>yri</mark> n, RBC; quanti <mark>tati</mark> ve | | | |
| 84207 | | | | |
| 84220 | | | | |
| 84233 | | | | |
| 84234 | | | | |
| 84275 | | | | |
| 84295 | Sodium; serum, plasma or whole blood (see Rule 11) | | | |
| 84300 | urine (see Rule 11) | | | |
| 84302 | other source | | | |
| 84305 | Somatomedin | | | |
| 84375 | Sugars, chromatographic, TLC or paper chromatography | | | |
| 84376 | Sugars (mono-,di-, and oligosaccharides); single qualitative, each specimen | | | |
| 84377 | multiple qualitative, each specimen | | | |
| 84378 | single quantitative, each specimen | | | |
| 84379 | multiple quantitative, each specimen | | | |
| 84402 | Testosterone; free | | | |
| 84403 | total | | | |
| 84410 | bioavailable, direct measurement (e.g., differential precipitation) | | | |
| 84425 | , | | | |
| 84433 | | | | |
| 84436 | | | | |
| 84439 | | | | |
| 84442 | | | | |
| 84443 | Thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH) | | | |
| 84446 | Tocopherol alpha (Vitamin E) | | | |
| 84449 | Transcortin (cortisol binding globulin) | | | |
| 84450 | Transferase; aspartate amino (AST) (SGOT) (see Rule 11) | | | |

| | Laboratory Procedure Codes Manual | | |
|-------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| 84460 | alanine amino (ALT) (SGPT) (see Rule 11) | | |
| 84466 | Transferrin | | |
| 84478 | Triglycerides (see Rule 11) | | |
| 84479 | Thyroid hormone (T3 or T4) uptake (with or without) thyroid hormone binding ratio | | |
| | (THBR) | | |
| 84480 | Triiodothyronine T3; total (TT-3) | | |
| 84481 | free | | |
| 84482 | reverse | | |
| 84484 | Troponin, quantitative | | |
| 84510 | Tyrosine | | |
| 84512 | Troponin, qual <mark>itat</mark> ive | | |
| 84520 | Urea <mark>nitr</mark> ogen; quantitative (see Rule 11) | | |
| 84540 | Urea <mark>nit</mark> rogen, urine (see Rule 11) | | |
| 84550 | Uric acid; blood (see Rule 11) | | |
| 84560 | other source (see Rule 11) | | |
| 84585 | Van <mark>illy</mark> lman <mark>deli</mark> c acid (VMA), <mark>ur</mark> ine | | |
| 84588 | Vasopressi <mark>n (</mark> antidiuretic hor <mark>mo</mark> ne, ADH) | | |
| 84590 | Vitamin A | | |
| 84591 | Vitamin, not otherwise specified | | |
| 84597 | Vitamin K | | |
| 84620 | Xylose absorption test, blood and/or urine | | |
| 84630 | | | |
| 84681 | | | |
| 84702 | | | |
| 84703 | | | |
| 84704 | | | |
| 84999 | | | |
| | (Reimbursement is limited to the listed analytes for the purpose of providing information | | |
| | for diagnosis or monitoring of genetic disease or carrier state. Clinical applications other | | |
| | than genetic testing are subject to a coverability determination for unlisted procedures.) | | |

| Acetylglucosamidase, | Fumarase | Neuraminidase |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Alpha N- | Galactocerebrosidase, Beta | Nucleoside Phosphorylase |
| Acid Maltase | Galactose –4- Sulfatase | Ornithine Carbamyl |
| Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase, | Galactose –6- Sulfatase | Transferase (OCT) |
| Medium Chain | Galactosidase, Alpha | Phosphofructokinase |
| Short Chain | and/or Beta | Phosphoglucomutase, |
| Adenosine deaminase | Glucocerebrosidase, Beta | Isoenzymes |
| Adenylate kinase | Glucuronidase, Beta | Phosphoglycerate Kinase |
| Aldolase | Glyceraldehyde –3-P- | Phosphoglycerate Mutase |
| Arginosuccinase | Dehydrogenase | Phosphorylase |
| Arylsulfatase A, B and/or C | Glycerophosphate Dehydrogenase, | Phosphorylase B Kinase |
| ATPase | Alpha | Phytanic acid |
| Citrate Synthase | Hexosaminidase, A | Pyruvate Decarboxylase |
| Cytochrome Oxidase | Iduronidase, alpha | Sphingomyelinase |
| Dihydropteridine Reductase | Iduronosulfatase | Succinate Cytochrome C |
| Dystrophin | Mannosidase, Alpha and/or Beta | Reductase |
| Enolase | Myoadenylate Deaminase | Succinate Dehydrogenase |
| Fatty Acids, Long Chain | NADH Cytochrome C Reductase | Sulfaminidase |
| Fucosidase, Alpha and/or Beta | NADH Dehydrogenase | Triose phosphate Isomerase |

HEMATOLOGY and COAGULATION

| CODE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 85002 | Bleeding time |
| 85004 | Blood count; automated differential WBC count |
| 85007 | blood smear, microscopic examination with manual differential WBC count |
| | (includes RBC morphology and platelet estimation) |
| 85013 | spun microhematocrit |
| 85014 | hematocrit (Hct) |
| 85018 | hemoglobin (Hgb) |
| 85025 | complete (CBC), automated (Hgb, Hct, RBC, WBC and platelet count), and |
| • | automated differential WBC count |
| 85027 | complete (CBC), automated (Hgb, Hct, RBC, WBC and platelet count) |
| 85032 | manual cell count (erythrocyte, leukocyte, or platelet) each |
| 85041 | red blood cell (RBC), automated |
| 85044 | reticu <mark>loc</mark> yte, manual |
| 85045 | retic <mark>ulo</mark> cyte, automate <mark>d</mark> |
| 85046 | reticulocytes, automated, including 1 or more cellular parameters (e.g., |
| | reticulocyte hemoglobin content [CHr], immature reticulocyte fraction [IRF], |
| | reticulocyte volume [MRV], RNA content), direct measurement |
| 85048 | leukocyte (WBC), <mark>auto</mark> mated |
| 85049 | platelet, automat <mark>ed</mark> |
| 85055 | Reticulated platelet assay |
| 85060 | Blood smear, peripheral, (including) interpretation by physician with written report |
| 85097 | Bone marrow; smear interpretation |
| 85210 | Clotting; factor II, prothrombin, specific |
| 85220 | factor V (AcG or proaccelerin), labile factor |
| 85230 | factor VII (proconvertin, stable factor) |
| 85240 | factor VIII (AHG), 1-stage |
| 85244 | factor VIII related antigen |
| 85245 | factor VIII, VW factor, ristocetin cofactor |
| 85246 | factor VIII, VW factor antigen |
| 85247 | factor VIII, von Willebrand factor, multimetric analysis |
| 85250 | factor IX (PTC or Christmas) |
| 85260 | factor X (Stuart-Prower) |
| 85270 | factor XI (PTA) |
| 85280 | factor XII (Hageman) |
| 85290 | factor XIII (fibrin stabilizing) |
| 85291 | factor XIII (fibrin stabilizing), screen solubility |
| 85292 | prekallikrein assay (Fletcher factor assay) |
| 85293 | high molecular weight kininogen assay (Fitzgerald factor assay) |
| 85300 | Clotting inhibitors or anticoagulants; antithrombin III, activity |
| 85301 | antithrombin III, antigen assay |

| | Laboratory Procedure Codes Manual |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 85302 | protein C, antigen |
| 85303 | protein C, activity |
| 85305 | protein S, total |
| 85306 | protein S, free |
| 85307 | Activated Protein C (APC) resistance assay |
| 85335 | Factor inhibitor test |
| 85337 | Thrombomodulin |
| 85347 | Coagulation time; activated |
| 85348 | other methods |
| 8536 <mark>0</mark> | Euglobulin lysis |
| 85362 | Fibrin(ogen) degradation (split) products (FDP) (FSP); agglutination slide, |
| | semi <mark>quantitative</mark> |
| 85366 | paracoagulation |
| 85370 | quantitative |
| 85378 | Fibrin degradation products, D-dimer; qualitative or semiquantitative |
| 85379 | quan <mark>tita</mark> tive |
| 85380 | ultra <mark>se</mark> nsitive (e.g., for evaluation for venous thromboembolism), qualitative or |
| | semi <mark>qu</mark> antitative |
| 85384 | Fibrinogen; a <mark>ctivity</mark> |
| 85385 | antigen |
| 85397 | Coagulation and fibrinolysis, functional activity, not otherwise specified (e.g., ADAMTS- |
| | 13), each analyte |
| 85441 | Heinz bodies; direct |
| 85445 | induced, acetyl phenylhydra <mark>zine</mark> |
| 85460 | Hemoglobin or RBCs, fetal, for fetomaternal hemorrhage; differential lysis (Kleihauer- |
| | Betke) |
| 85461 | rosette |
| 85475 | Hemolysin, acid |
| 85520 | Heparin assay |
| 85536 | Iron stain, peripheral blood |
| 85540 | Leukocyte alkaline phosphatase with count |
| 85549 | Muramidase |
| 85555 | Osmotic fragility, RBC; unincubated |
| 85557 | incubated |
| 85576 | Platelet; aggregation (in vitro), each agent |
| 85610 | Prothrombin time; |
| 85612 | Russell viper venom time (includes venom); undiluted |
| 85613 | diluted |
| 85635 | Reptilase test |
| 85651 | Sedimentation rate, erythrocyte; non-automated |
| 85652 | automated |
| 85670 | Thrombin time; plasma |
| 85705 | Thromboplastin inhibition; tissue |

| 85730 | Thromboplastin time, partial (PTT); plasma or whole blood |
|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| 85732 | substitution, plasma fractions, each |
| 85810 | Viscosity |

IMMUNOLOGY

Immunologic tests for antigen or antibody should be reported using the most specific code available. For infectious agent antibody or antigen tests, see codes 86602 – 86793 and the cross-references located in that coding range. See Rules 6 and 10. For antigen identification in solid tissue, see 88342-88346 in Surgical Pathology.

| CODE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 86003 | Allergen specific IgE; quantitative or semiquantitative, crude allergen extract, each |
| 86008 | quantitative or semiquantitative, recombinant or purified component, each |
| 86015 | Measurement of actin (smooth muscle) antibody |
| 86036 | Screening test for antineutrophil cytoplasmic antibody |
| 86037 | Antineutrop <mark>hil</mark> cytoplasmic an <mark>tib</mark> ody titer |
| 86038 | Antinuclear antibodies (ANA); |
| 86039 | titer |
| 86051 | Elisa detection of aquaporin-4 (neuromyelitis optica ýnmo") antibody |
| 86052 | Cell-based immunofluorescence (cba) detection of aquaporin-4 (neuromyelitis optica |
| | ýnmo") antibody |
| 86053 | Flow cytometry detection of aquaporin-4 (neuromyelitis optica ýnmo¨) antibody |
| 86060 | Antistreptolysin 0; titer |
| 86063 | screen |
| 86140 | C-reactive protein; |
| 86141 | high sensitivity (hsCRP) |
| 86146 | Beta 2 Glycoprotein 1 antibody, each |
| 86147 | Cardiolipin (phospholipid) antibody, each Ig class |
| 86148 | Anti-phosphatidylserine (phospholipid) antibody |
| 86157 | Cold agglutinin; titer |
| 86160 | Complement; antigen, each component |
| 86161 | functional activity, each component |
| 86162 | total hemolytic (CH50) |
| 86215 | Deoxyribonuclease, antibody |
| 86225 | Deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) antibody; native or double stranded |
| 86231 | Detection of endomysial antibody (ema) |
| 86235 | Extractable nuclear antigen, antibody to, any method (eg, nRNP, SS-A, SS-B, Sm, |
| | RNP, Sc170, J01), each antibody |
| 86255 | Fluorescent noninfectious agent antibody; screen, each antibody, (not elsewhere |
| 00050 | specified) (see Rule 10) |
| 86256 | titer, each antibody (not elsewhere specified) (see Rule 10) |
| 86258 | Detection of gliadin (deamidated) (dgp) antibody |

| | Laboratory Procedure Codes Manual |
|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 86294 | Immunoassay for tumor antigen, qualitative or semiquantitative (e.g., bladder tumor |
| | antigen) (see Rule 15) |
| 86300 | Immunoassay for tumor antigen, quantitative; CA 15-3 (27.29) (see Rule 15) |
| 86301 | CA 19-9 (see Rule 15) |
| 86304 | CA 125 (see Rule 15) |
| 86305 | Human epididymis protein 4 (HE4) |
| 86308 | Heterophile antibodies; screening |
| 86309 | titer |
| 86316 | Immunoassay for tumor antigen, other antigen, quantitative, (e.g., CA 50, 72-4, 549), |
| | each (not elsewhere specified) (see Rule 15) |
| 86318 | Immunoassay for infectious agent antibody, qualitative or semiquantitative, single step |
| | meth <mark>od (not else</mark> where specified) (e.g., reagent strip) |
| 86320 | Immu <mark>no</mark> electrophoresis; serum |
| 86325 | other fluids (e.g., urine, cerebrospinal fluid) with concentration |
| 86329 | Imm <mark>un</mark> odiffusion; not elsewhere specified |
| 86334 | Imm <mark>un</mark> ofixat <mark>ion</mark> electrophore <mark>sis</mark> ; serum |
| 86335 | othe <mark>r fl</mark> uids with conc <mark>ent</mark> ration (e.g., urine, CSF) |
| 86336 | Inhibin A |
| 86337 | Insulin antibodies |
| 86340 | Intrinsic factor antibodies |
| 86341 | Islet cell antibody (see Rule 19) |
| 86355 | B cells, total count (see Rule 18) |
| 86357 | Natural killer (NK) cells, total count (see Rule 18) |
| 86359 | T cells; total count |
| 86360 | absolute CD4 and CD8 count, including ratio |
| 86361 | absolute CD4 count (For T-cell immunophenotyping, see Rule 18) |
| 86363 | Flow cytometry detection of myelin oligodendrocyte glycoprotein (mog-igg1) antibody |
| 86364 | Measurement of tissue transglutaminase |
| 86367 | Stem cells (ie, CD34), total count (see Rule 18) |
| 86376 | Microsomal antibodies (eg, thyroid or liver-kidney), each |
| 86381 | Measurement of mitochondrial antibody |
| 86382 | Neutralization test, viral |
| 86403 | Particle agglutination; screen, each antibody |
| 86430 | Rheumatoid factor; qualitative |
| 86431 | quantitative |
| 86480 | Tuberculosis test, cell mediated immunity antigen response measurement; gamma |
| 22424 | interferon |
| 86481 | enumeration of gamma interferon-producing T-cells in cell suspension |
| 86592 | Syphilis test, non-treponemal antibody; qualitative (e.g., VDRL, RPR, ART) |
| 86593 | quantitative (includes screen and titer) |
| | (For infectious agent antibody or antigen tests not listed by name, see Rule 10 A, B; for |
| 00500 | maximum reimbursable amounts for two or more infectious agent tests, see Rule 6C.) |
| 86596 | Measurement of voltage-gated calcium channel antibody |

| | Laboratory Procedure Codes Manual |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 86602 | Antibody; actinomyces |
| 86603 | adenovirus |
| 86606 | Aspergillus |
| 86609 | bacterium, not elsewhere specified |
| 86611 | Bartonella |
| 86612 | Blastomyces |
| 86615 | Bordetella |
| 86617 | Borrelia burgdorferi (Lyme disease) confirmatory test (e.g., Western Blot |
| | or immunoblot) |
| 8661 <mark>8</mark> | Borrelia burgdorferi (Lyme disease) |
| 86619 | Borrelia (relapsing fever) |
| 86622 | Brucella |
| 86625 | Campylobacter |
| 86631 | Chlamydia |
| 86632 | Chlamydia, IgM |
| 86635 | Coccidioides |
| 86638 | Coxi <mark>ell</mark> a brunetii (Q fe <mark>ve</mark> r) |
| 86641 | Cryp <mark>toc</mark> occus Cryptococcus |
| 86644 | cytom <mark>egalovirus (</mark> CMV) |
| 86645 | cytomega <mark>lovirus (CMV), Ig</mark> M |
| 86651 | encephalitis, California (La Crosse) |
| 86652 | encephalitis, Ea <mark>ster</mark> n equine |
| 86653 | encephalitis, St. Louis |
| 86654 | encephalitis, Western equine |
| 86658 | enterovirus (e.g., coxsack <mark>ie, e</mark> cho, p <mark>olio</mark>) |
| 86663 | Epstein-Barr (EB) virus, early ant <mark>igen</mark> (EA) |
| 86664 | Epstein-Barr (EB) virus, nuclea <mark>r an</mark> tigen (EB <mark>NA</mark>) |
| 86665 | Epstein-Barr (EB) virus, viral capsid (VCA) |
| 86666 | Ehrlichia |
| 86668 | Francisella tularensis |
| 86671 | fungus, not elsewhere specified |
| 86674 | Giardia lamblia |
| 86677 | Helicobacter pylori |
| 86682 | helminth, not elsewhere specified |
| 86684 | Hemophilus influenza |
| 86687 | HTLV-I |
| 86689 | HTLV or HIV antibody, confirmatory test (eg, Western Blot) |
| 86692 | hepatitis, delta agent |
| 86696 | herpes simplex, type 2 |
| 86698 | histoplasma |
| 86701 | HIV-1 |
| 86702 | HIV-2 |
| 86703 | HIV-1 and HIV-2, single result |

Laboratory Procedure Codes Manual (For maximum reimbursable amounts for hepatitis tests performed in combination, see Rule 6C) 86704 Hepatitis B core antibody (HBcAb), total 86705 IgM antibody 86706 Hepatitis B surface antibody (HBsAb) 86707 Hepatitis Be antibody (HBeAb) 86708 Hepatitis A antibody (HAAb) 86709 Hepatitis A antibody (HAAb), IgM antibody 86710 Antibody; influenza virus 86713 Legionella 86717 Leishmania 86720 Leptospira 86723 Listeria monocytogenes 86727 lymphocytic choriomeningitis 86735 mumps 86738 mycoplasma 86741 Neisseria meningitidis 86744 Nocardia 86747 parvovirus Plasmodium (malaria) 86750 protozoa, not elsewhere specified 86753 86756 respiratory syncytial virus 86757 Rickettsia 86759 rotavirus 86762 rubella 86765 rubeola 86768 Salmonella 86771 Shigella 86777 Toxoplasma 86778 Toxoplasma, IgM 86780 Treponema pallidum Trichinella 86784 86787 varicella-zoster 86788 West Nile virus, IaM 86789 West Nile virus 86790 virus, not elsewhere specified 86793 Yersinia 86794 Zika virus, amplified probe technique 86800 Thyroglobulin antibody 86803 Hepatitis C antibody;

confirmatory test (e.g., immunoblot)

Unlisted immunology procedure

Detection test by nucleic acid for zika virus, amplified probe technique

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86804

86849

87662

TRANSFUSION MEDICINE

| CODE | <u>DESCRIPTION</u> | |
|-------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| 86850 | Antibody screen, RBC, e | each serum technique |
| 86860 | Antibody elution (RBC), | each elution |
| 86870 | Antibody identification, F | RBC antibodies, each panel for each serum technique |
| 86880 | Antihuman globulin test | (Coombs test); direct, each antiserum |
| 86900 | Blood typing; serologic; | ABO |
| 86901 | Rh (D) | |
| 86905 | RBC antigens, otl | ner than ABO or Rh (D), each |
| 86940 | Hemolysins and agglutir | iins; auto, screen, each |
| 86941 | incubated | |

MICROBIOLOGY

| CODE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 87015 | Concentrat <mark>ion</mark> (any type), for <mark>in</mark> fectious agents |
| 87040 | Culture, bacterial; blood, aerobic, with isolation and presumptive identification of isolates |
| | (includes anaerobic culture, if appropriate) |
| 87045 | stool, aerobic, with isolation and preliminary examination (e.g., KIA, LIA), |
| | Salmonella and Shi <mark>gel</mark> la species |
| 87046 | stool, aerobic, additional pathogens, isolation and presumptive identification of |
| | isolates, each plate |
| 87070 | any other source except urine, blood or stool, aerobic, with isolation and |
| | presumptive identification of isolates |
| 87075 | any source, except blood, anaerobic with isolation and presumptive identification |
| | of isolates |
| 87076 | anaerobic isolate, additional methods required for definitive identification, each |
| | isolate |
| 87077 | aerobic isolate, additional methods required for definitive identification, each |
| | isolate |
| 87081 | Culture, presumptive, pathogenic organisms, screening only; |
| 87086 | Culture, bacterial; quantitative colony count, urine |
| 87088 | with isolation and presumptive identification of each isolate, urine |
| 87101 | Culture, fungi (mold or yeast) isolation, with presumptive identification of isolates; skin, |
| | hair, or nail |
| 87102 | other source (except blood) |
| 87103 | blood |
| 87106 | Culture, fungi, definitive identification, each organism; yeast |
| | (Use in addition to codes 87101, 87102, or 87103 when appropriate) |
| 87107 | mold |
| 87109 | Culture, mycoplasma, any source |
| 87110 | Culture, chlamydia, any source |

| 01212 | Cryptospondium |
|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 87271 | cryptosporidium |
| 87270 87271 | Chlamydia trachomatis Cytomegalovirus, direct fluorescent antibody (DFA) |
| 87269 87270 | giardia Chlemydia trachematic |
| 87265 | Bordetella pertussis/parapertussis |
| 87260 | Infectious agent antigen detection by immunofluorescent technique; adenovirus |
| | effect (eg, virus specific enzymatic activity) |
| 87255 | including identification by non-immunologic method, other than by cytopathic |
| 87254 | centrifuge enhanced (shell vial) technique, includes identification with immunofluorescence stain, each virus |
| 07074 | neutralization, immunofluorescence stain), each isolate |
| 87253 | tissue culture, additional studies or definitive identification (e.g., hemabsorption, |
| 87252 | tissue culture inoculation, observation, and presumptive identification by cytopathic effect |
| 970F0 | and dissection |
| 87250 | Virus isolation; inoculation of embryonated eggs, or small animal, includes observation |
| 87230 | Toxin or antitoxin assay, tissue culture (e.g., Clostridium difficile toxin) |
| 01210 | (Does not include KOH on skin, hair or nails) |
| 87219 | wet mount for infectious agents (e.g., saline, India ink, KOH preps) |
| 87209 | microsporidia, trypanosomes, herpes viruses) complex special stain (e.g., trichrome, iron hemotoxylin) for ova and parasites |
| 87207 | special stain for inclusion bodies or parasites (e.g., malaria, coccidia, |
| 0=00= | types |
| 87206 | fluorescent and/or acid fast stain for bacteria, fungi, parasites, viruses or cell |
| | cell types |
| 87205 | Smear, primary source with interpretation; Gram or Giemsa stain for bacteria, fungi or |
| 87190 | myc <mark>ob</mark> acteria, proport <mark>ion</mark> method, each agent |
| 87188 | macrobroth dilution method, each agent |
| | breakpoint), each multi-antimicrobial, per plate |
| 87186 | microdilution or agar dilution (minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) or |
| 87185 | enzyme detection (e.g., beta lactamase), per enzyme |
| 87184 | disk method, per plate (12 or fewer agents) |
| 07 101 | (e.g., antibiotic gradient strip) |
| 8717 <mark>7</mark> 8718 <mark>1</mark> | Ova and parasites, direct smears, concentration and identification Susceptibility studies, antimicrobial agent; agar dilution method, per agent |
| 87 172 | Pinworm exam (e.g., cellophane tape prep) |
| 87169 | Macroscopic examination; parasite |
| 87166 | without collection |
| | collection |
| 87164 | Dark field examination, any source (e.g., penile, vaginal, oral, skin); includes specimen |
| 87118 | Culture, mycobacterial, definitive identification, each isolate |
| | with isolation and presumptive identification of isolates |
| 87116 | Culture, tubercle, or other acid-fast bacilli (e.g., TB, AFB, mycobacteria) any source, |
| | Laboratory i rocedure dodes maridar |

| | Laboratory Procedure Codes Manual |
|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 87273 | Herpes simplex virus type 2 |
| 87274 | Herpes simplex virus type 1 |
| 87275 | influenza B virus |
| 87276 | influenza A virus |
| 87278 | Legionella pneumophila |
| 87279 | Parainfluenza virus, each type |
| 87280 | respiratory syncytial virus |
| 87281 | Pneumocystis carinii |
| 87290 | Varicella zoster virus |
| 87299 | not otherwise specified, each organism (see Rule 10B) |
| 87301 | Infectious agent antigen detection by immunoassay technique, (eg, enzyme |
| | immunoassay [EIA], enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay [ELISA], fluorescence |
| | immunoassay [FIA], immunochemiluminometric assay [IMCA]) qualitative or |
| | semiquantitative; adenovirus enteric types 40/41 |
| 87305 | Aspergillus |
| 87320 | Chla <mark>myd</mark> ia trachomati <mark>s</mark> |
| 87324 | Clos <mark>trid</mark> ium difficile to <mark>xin(</mark> s) |
| 87327 | Cryp <mark>toc</mark> occus neoformans |
| 87328 | cryptosporidium |
| 87329 | giardia |
| 87332 | cytomegalovirus |
| 87335 | Escherichia coli 0157 |
| 87336 | Entamoeba histolytica dispar gr <mark>oup</mark> |
| 87337 | Entamoeba histolytica group |
| 87338 | Helicobacter pylori, stool |
| 87340 | hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) |
| 87341 | hepatitis B surface antigen (HB <mark>sA</mark> g) neutrali <mark>zat</mark> ion |
| 87350 | hepatitis Be antigen (HBeAg) |
| 87380 | hepatitis, delta agent |
| 87385 | Histoplasma capsulatum |
| 87389 | Infectious agent antigen detection by enzyme immunoassay technique, |
| | qualitative or semiquantitative, multiple-step method; hiv-1 antigen(s), with hiv-1 |
| | and hiv-2 antibodies, single result |
| 87390 | HIV-1 (eg, P24 antigen) |
| 87420 | respiratory syncytial virus |
| 87425 | rotavirus |
| 87427 | Shiga-like toxin |
| 87430 | Streptococcus, group A |
| 87449 | Infectious agent antigen detection by immunoassay technique, (e.g., enzyme |
| | immunoassay [EIA], enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay [ELISA], |
| | immunochemiluminometric assay [IMCA], qualitative or semiquantitative; multiple-step |
| | method, not otherwise specified, each organism |

| | Laboratory Procedure Codes Manual |
|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 87468 | Detection of anaplasma phagocytophilum by amplified nucleic acid probe |
| | technique |
| 87469 | Detection of babesia microtim by amplified nucleic acid probe technique |
| 87476 | Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); Borrelia burgdorferi, |
| | amplified probe technique |
| 87478 | Detection of babesia borrelia miyamotoi by amplified nucleic acid probe |
| | technique |
| 87480 | Candida species, direct probe technique |
| 87484 | Detection of ehrlichia chaffeensis by amplified nucleic acid probe technique |
| 87486 | Chlamydia pneumoniae, amplified probe technique |
| 87490 | Chlamydia trachomatis, direct probe technique |
| 87491 | Chlamydia trachomatis, amplified probe technique |
| 87495 | cytomegalovirus, direct probe technique |
| 87496 | cytomegalovirus, amplified probe technique |
| 87497 | cytomegalovirus, quantification |
| 87498 | enterovirus, amplified probe technique, includes reverse transcription, |
| | when performed |
| 87500 | vanc <mark>om</mark> ycin resistance (e.g., enterococcus species van A, van B), amplified |
| | probe technique |
| 87501 | influenza virus, includes reverse transcription, when performed, and amplified |
| | probe technique, each type or subtype |
| 87502 | influenza virus, for multiple types or sub-types, includes multiplex reverse |
| | transcription, when performed, and multiplex amplified probe technique, first 2 |
| | types or sub-types |
| 87503 | influenza virus, for multiple types or sub-types, includes multiplex reverse |
| | transcription, when performed, and multiplex amplified probe technique, each |
| | additional influenza virus type or sub-type beyond 2 (List separately in addition to |
| | code for primary procedure) |
| | (Use 87503 in conjunction with 87502) |
| 87510 | Gardnerella vaginalis, direct probe techn <mark>ique</mark> |
| 87516 | hepatitis B virus, amplified probe technique |
| 87521 | hepatitis C, amplified probe technique, includes reverse transcription when |
| | performed |
| 87522 | hepatitis C, quantification, includes reverse transcription when performed |
| 87529 | Herpes simplex virus, amplified probe technique |
| 87535 | HIV-1, amplified probe technique, includes reverse transcription when performed |
| 87536 | HIV-1, quantification, includes reverse transcription when performed |
| 87623 | Human Papillomavirus (HPV), low-risk types (e.g., 6, 11, 42, 43, 44) |
| 87624 | Human Papillomavirus (HPV), high-risk type (e.g., 16, 18, 31, 33, 35, 39, 45, 51, |
| | 52, 56, 58, 59, 68) |
| 87625 | Human Papillomavirus (HPV), types 16 and 18 only, includes type 45, if |
| | performed |
| 87551 | Mycobacteria species, amplified probe technique |
| | David 40 at 40 |

| | Laboratory Procedure Codes Manual |
|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 87556 | Mycobacteria tuberculosis, amplified probe technique |
| 87561 | Mycobacteria avium-intracellulare, amplified probe technique |
| 87563 | Mycoplasma genitalium by DNA or RNA probe |
| 87581 | Mycoplasma pneumoniae, amplified probe technique |
| 87590 | Neisseria gonorrhoeae, direct probe technique |
| 87591 | Neisseria gonorrhoeae, amplified probe technique |
| 87631 | Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (dna or rna); respiratory virus (eg, |
| | adenovirus, influenza virus, coronavirus, metapneumovirus, parainfluenza virus, |
| | respiratory syncytial virus, rhinovirus), includes multiplex reverse transcription, |
| | when performed, and multiplex amplified probe technique, multiple types or |
| | subtype <mark>s,</mark> 3-5 targets |
| 87634 | respiratory syncytial virus, amplified probe technique |
| 87640 | Staphylococcus aureus, amplified probe technique |
| 87641 | Staphylococcus aureus, methicillin resistant, amplified probe technique (includes |
| | staphylococcus aureus identification) |
| 87650 | Streptococcus, group A, direct probe technique |
| 87653 | Stre <mark>pto</mark> coccus, group B, amplified probe technique |
| 87660 | Trichomonas vaginalis, direct probe technique |
| 87661 | Trichomonas vaginalis, amplified probe technique |
| 87797 | Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA), not otherwise specified; direct |
| | probe technique, each org <mark>ani</mark> sm |
| 87798 | amplified probe technique, each organism |
| 87800 | Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA), multiple organisms; direct |
| | probe(s) technique |
| 87801 | amplified probe(s) technique |
| 87803 | Infectious agent antigen detection by immunoassay with direct optical |
| 0=000 | observation; Clostridium difficile toxin A |
| 87806 | HIV-1 antigen(s), with HIV-1 and HIV-2 ant <mark>ibo</mark> dies |
| 87804 | Influenza |
| 87807 | respiratory syncytial virus |
| 87808 | Trichomonas vaginalis |
| 87809 87880 | adenovirus |
| 87880 | Infectious agent detection by immunoassay with direct optical observation; |
| 87899 | Streptococcus, group A |
| 87900 | not otherwise specified Infectious agent drug susceptibility phenotype prediction using regularly updated |
| 07 300 | genotypic bioinformatics |
| 87901 | Infectious agent genotype analysis by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); HIV-1, reverse |
| 01301 | transcriptase and protease regions |
| 87906 | Infectious agent genotype analysis by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); HIV-1, other |
| 01300 | region (e.g., integrase, fusion) |
| 87902 | Hepatitis C virus |
| 01302 | riopatitis O virus |

| 87903 | Infectious agent phenotype analysis by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); HIV 1, through 10 |
|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | drugs tested |
| 87904 | each additional drug tested (List separately in addition to primary procedure) |

SARS-COV-2 2019

| CODE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 86328 | Test for detection of severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (covid-19) |
| | antibody, qualitative or semiquantitative |
| 86769 | Measure of severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (covid-19) antibody |
| 87426 | Detection test by immunoassay technique for severe acute respiratory syndrome |
| | coron <mark>avirus</mark> |
| 87428 | Infect <mark>iou</mark> s agent antigen detection by immunoassay technique, (e.g., enzyme |
| | immu <mark>no</mark> assay [EIA], enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay [ELISA], fluorescence |
| | imm <mark>uno</mark> assay [FIA], immunochemiluminometric assay [IMCA]) qualitative or |
| | semiquantitative; severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus (e.g., sars-cov, sars- |
| | cov-2 [covi <mark>d-1</mark> 9]) and influen <mark>za</mark> virus types a and b |
| 87593 | Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (dna or rna);orthopoxvirus (e.g., monkeypox |
| | virus, cowpox virus, vaccinia virus), amplified probe technique, each |
| 87635 | Amplified dna or rna probe detection of severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus |
| | 2 (covid-19) antigen |
| 87636 | Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); severe acute respiratory |
| | syndrome coronavirus 2 (sars-cov-2) (coronavirus disease [covid-19]) and influenza |
| 07007 | virus types a and b, multiplex amplified probe technique |
| 87637 | Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); severe acute respiratory |
| | syndrome coronavirus 2 (sars-cov-2) (coronavirus disease [covid-19]), influenza virus |
| 87811 | types a and b, and respiratory syncytial virus, multiplex amplified probe technique |
| 0/011 | Infectious agent antigen detection by immunoassay with direct optical (i.e., visual) |
| | observation; severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (sars-cov-2) (coronavirus |
| U0002 | disease [covid-19]) 2019-ncov coronavirus, sars-cov-2/2019-ncov (covid-19), any technique, multiple types |
| 30002 | or subtypes (includes all targets), non-cdc |
| | or subtypes (morades all targets), non-ode |

CYTOPATHOLOGY

| CODE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 88104 | Cytopathology, fluids, washings or brushings, except cervical or vaginal; smears with |
| | interpretation |
| 88106 | simple filter method with interpretation |
| 88108 | Cytopathology, concentration technique, smears and interpretation (e.g., Saccomanno technique) |

| Laboratory Procedure Codes Manual |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Cytopathology, selective cellular enhancement technique with interpretation (e.g., liquid |
| based slide preparation method), except cervical or vaginal (Do not report 88112 with |
| 88108) |
| Cytopathology, in situ hybridization (e.g., FISH), urinary tract specimen with |
| morphometric analysis, 3-5 molecular probes, each specimen; manual |
| using computer-assisted technology |
| Cytopathology, cervical or vaginal (any reporting system); requiring interpretation by |
| physician (List separately in addition to code for technical service) |
| Cytopathology, cervical or vaginal (any reporting system), collected in preservative fluid, |
| automated thin layer preparation; manual screening under physician supervision |
| with ma <mark>nu</mark> al screening and rescreening under physician supervision |
| Cytopathology smears, cervical or vaginal; screening by automated system under |
| physi <mark>cia</mark> n supervision |
| screening by automated system with manual re-screening under physician |
| supervision supervision |
| Cytopathology, slides, cervical or vaginal; manual screening under physician |
| supervision |
| with manual screening and rescreening under physician supervision |
| Cytopathology, smears, any other source (specify); screening and interpretation |
| preparation, screening and interpretation |
| extended study involving over 5 slides and/or multiple stains |
| Cytopathology, slides, cervical or vaginal (the Bethesda System); manual screening |
| under physician supervision |
| with manual screening and rescreening under physician supervision |
| Cytopathology, evaluation of fine needle aspirate; interpretation and report |
| Cytopathology, cervical or vaginal (any reporting system), collected in preservative fluid, |
| automated thin layer preparation; screening by automated system, under physician |
| supervision |
| with screening by automated system and manual rescreening or review under |
| physician supervision (See Rule 22 for instrumented PAP screening definitions) |
| Flow cytometry, cell surface, cytoplasmic, or nuclear marker, technical component only; |
| first marker |
| each additional marker (List separately in addition to code for first marker) |
| Flow cytometry, interpretation; 2 to 8 markers |
| 9 to 15 markers |
| 16 or more markers |
| |

CYTOGENETIC STUDIES

Cytogenetic studies procedure codes 88245, 88267 and 88269 must be billed in combination with procedure code 88280 to report a 2-karyotype chromosome analysis as described in the quality control standards for cytogenetic licensure.

| | Education y 1 1000 date 00 des manda |
|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| CODE | DESCRIPTION |
| 88230 | Tissue culture for non-neoplastic disorders; lymphocyte |
| 88233 | skin or other solid tissue biopsy |
| 88235 | amniotic fluid or chorionic villus cells |
| 88237 | Tissue culture for neoplastic disorders; bone marrow, blood cells |
| 88239 | solid tumor |
| 88245 | Chromosome analysis for breakage syndromes; baseline Sister Chromatid Exchange |
| | (SCE), 20-25 cells |
| 88248 | baseline breakage, score 50-100 cells, count 20 cells, 2 karyotypes (e.g., for |
| | ataxia telangiectasia, Fanconi anemia, fragile X) |
| 88249 | score 100 cells, clastogen stress (e.g., diepoxybutane, mitomycin C, ionizing |
| | radiation, UV radiation) |
| 88262 | Chromosome analysis; count 15-20 cells, 2 karyotypes, with banding |
| 88263 | count 45 cells for mosaicism, 2 karyotypes, with banding |
| 88267 | Chromosome analysis, amniotic fluid or chorionic villus, count 15 cells, 1 karyotype, with |
| | ban <mark>din</mark> g |
| 88269 | Chromosome analysis, in situ for amniotic fluid cells, count cells from 6-12 colonies, 1 |
| | karyotype, <mark>with</mark> banding |
| 88271 | Molecular cytogenetics; DNA probe, each (e.g., FISH) |
| 88272 | chromosomal in situ hybridization, analyze 3-5 cells (e.g., for derivatives and |
| | markers) |
| 88273 | chromosomal in situ hybridization, analyze 10-30 cells (e.g., for microdeletions) |
| 88274 | interphase in situ hybridization, analyze 25-99 cells |
| 88275 | interphase in situ hybridization, analyze 100-300 cells |
| 88280 | Chromosome analysis; additional karyotypes, each study (Use in addition to code |
| | 88267, 88269) |
| 88285 | additional cells counted, each study (Use in addition to code 88269) |
| 88291 | Cytogenetics and molecular cytogenetics, interpretation, and report |

SURGICAL PATHOLOGY

Surgical pathology procedure codes are reimbursable per specimen. A specimen is defined as tissue or tissues that is (are) submitted for individual and separate attention, requiring individual examination and pathologic diagnosis. Any unlisted specimen should be assigned to the code which most closely reflects the work involved when compared to other specimens assigned to that code.

88302 LEVEL II - Surgical pathology, gross and microscopic examination

Appendix, Incidental Fallopian Tube, Sterilization Fingers/Toes, Amputation, Traumatic Foreskin, Newborn Hernia Sac, Any Location Hydrocele Sac Nerve Skin, Plastic Repair

Sympathetic Ganglion Testis, Castration Vaginal Mucosa, Incidental Vas Deferens, Sterilization

88304 LEVEL III - Surgical pathology, gross and microscopic examination

Abortion, Induced Diverticulum - Esophagus/Small Intestine

Neuroma - Morton's/Traumatic

Abscess

Aneurysm - Arterial/Ventricular

Anus, Tag

Appendix, Other than Incidental Artery, Atheromatous Plaque Bartholin's Gland Cyst

Bone Fragment(s), Other than Pathologic Fracture

Bursa/Synovial Cyst Carpal Tunnel Tissue Cartilage, Shavings Cholesteatoma

Colon, Colostomy Stoma Conjunctiva - Biopsy/Pterygium

Cornea

Dupuytren's Contracture Tissue Femoral Head. Other than Fracture

Fissure/Fistula

Foreskin, Other than Newborn

Gallbladder Ganglion Cyst Hematoma Hemorrhoids Hydatid of Morgagni Intervertebral Disc Joint, Loose Body

Meniscus

Mucocele, Salivary

Pilonidal Cyst/Sinus

Polyps, Inflammatory - Nasal/Sinusoidal Skin - Cyst/Tag/Debridement

Soft Tissue, Debridement Soft Tissue, Lipoma Spermatocele Tendon/Tendon Sheath Testicular Appendage Thrombus or Embolus Tonsil and/or Adenoids

Varicocele

Vas Deferens, Other than Sterilization

Vein, Varicosity

88305 LEVEL IV - Surgical pathology, gross and microscopic examination

Abortion - Spontaneous/

Missed Artery, Biopsy Bone Marrow, Biopsy Bone, Exostosis Brain/Meninges, Other than For Tumor Resection

Breast, Biopsy, Not Requiring Microscopic Evaluation of

Surgical Margins

Breast, Reduction Mammoplasty

Bronchus, Biopsy Cell Block, Any Source Cervix, Biopsy Colon, Biopsy Duodenum, Biopsy Endocervix, Curettings/Biopsy Endometrium Curettings/Biopsy

Esophagus, Biopsy Extremity, Amputation, Traumatic Fallopian Tube, Biopsy Fallopian Tube, Ectopic Pregnancy

Femoral Head, Fracture

Finger/Toes, Amputation, Non-traumatic

Gingiva/Oral Mucosa, Biopsy

Heart Valve Joint, Resection Kidney, Biopsy Larynx, Biopsy Leiomyoma (s), Uterine Myomectomy without Uterus Lip, Biopsy/Wedge Resection Lung, Transbronchial Biopsy Lymph Node, Biopsy

Muscle, Biopsy Nasal Mucosa, Biopsy Nasopharynx/Oropharynx,

Biopsy Nerve, Biopsy

Odontogenic/Dental Cyst Omentum, Biopsy Ovary with or without Tube,

Non-neoplastic Ovary, Biopsy/ Wedge Resection Parathyroid Gland Peritoneum, Biopsy Pituitary Tumor Placenta, Other than Third Trimester Pleura/Pericardium-

Biopsy/Tissue

Polyp, Cervical/Endometrial

Polyp, Colorectal

Polyp, Stomach/Small Intestine

Prostate, Needle Biopsy

Prostate, TUR

Salivary Gland, Biopsy Sinus, Paranasal Biopsy Skin, Other than Cyst/Tag/ Debridement/Plastic Repair Small Intestine, Biopsy Soft Tissue, Other than

Tumor/Mass/Lipoma/Debridement

Spleen

Stomach, Biopsy

Synovium

Testis, Other than Tumor/ Biopsy/Castration Thyroglossal Duct/Brachial

Cleft Cyst Tongue, Biopsy Tonsil, Biopsy Trachea, Biopsy Ureter, Biopsy Urethra, Biopsy Urinary Bladder, Biopsy Uterus, with or without Tubes & Ovaries, for Prolapse Vagina, Biopsy Vulva/Labia, Biopsy

88307 LEVEL V - Surgical pathology, gross and microscopic examination

Adrenal, Resection

Bone - Biopsy/Curettings Bone Fragment(s), Pathologic Fracture

Brain, Biopsy Brain/Meninges, **Tumor Resection**

Breast, Excision of Lesion, Requiring Microscopic **Evaluation of Surgical**

Margins

Breast, Mastectomy -Partial/Simple Cervix, Conization

Colon, Segmental Resection, Other than for Tumor Extremity, Amputation,

Non-traumatic Eye, Enucleation Kidney, Partial/Total Nephrectomy

Larynx, Partial/Total

Resection Liver, Biopsy -Needle/Wedge

Liver, Partial Resection Lung, Wedge Biopsy Lymph Nodes, Regional

Resection

Mediastinum, Mass Myocardium, Biopsy Odontogenic Tumor Ovary with or without Tube, Neoplastic Pancreas, Biopsy

Placenta, Third Trimester Prostate, Except Radical

Resection

Salivary Gland Sentinel Lymph Node

Small Intestine, Resection, Other than for Tumor Soft Tissue Mass (except Lipoma) - Biopsy/Simple

Excision

Stomach - Subtotal/Total Resection, Other than

for Tumor Testis, Biopsy Thymus, Tumor Thyroid, Total/Lobe Ureter, Resection Urinary Bladder, TUR

Uterus, with or without Tubes and

Ovaries, Other than Neoplastic/Prolapse

88309 LEVEL VI - Surgical pathology, gross and microscopic examination

Bone Resection
Breast, Mastectomy - with
Regional Lymph Nodes
Colon, Segmental Resection
for Tumor
Colon, Total Resection
Esophagus, Partial/
Total Resection
Extremity, Disarticulation
Fetus, with Dissection
Larynx, Partial/Total
Resection - with Regional

Lung - Total/Lobe/ Segment Resection Pancreas - Total/Subtotal Resection Prostate, Radical Resection Small Intestine, Resection for Tumor Soft Tissue Tumor, Extensive Resection Stomach - Subtotal/Total Resection, Tumor Lymph Nodes Testis, Tumor
Tongue/Tonsil Resection for Tumor
Urinary Bladder, Partial/
Total Resection
Uterus, with or without
Tubes & Ovaries,
Neoplastic
Vulva - Total/
Subtotal Resection

| CODE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 80503 | Pathology clinical consultation for clinical problem, 5-20 minutes |
| 80504 | for moderately complex clinical problem, 21-40 minutes |
| 80505 | for complex clinical problem, 41-60 minutes |
| 80506 | additional 30 minutes |
| 88312 | Special stain including interpretation and report; Group I for microorganisms (e.g., acid |
| | fast, methe <mark>na</mark> mine silver) (R <mark>epo</mark> rt one unit of 88312 for each special stain, on each |
| | surgical pa <mark>tho</mark> logy block, cyt <mark>olo</mark> gic specimen, or hematologic smear) |
| 88313 | Group II, all other (e.g., iron, trichrome), except stain for microorganisms, stains |
| | for enzyme constituents, or immunocytochemistry and immunohistochemistry |
| | (Report one unit of 88313 for each special stain, on each surgical pathology |
| | block, cytologic specimen, or hematologic smear) |
| 88319 | Group III, for enzyme constituents (For each stain on each surgical pathology |
| | block, cytologic specimen, or hematologic smear, use one unit of 88319) |
| 88342 | Immunohistochemistry or immuno <mark>cyto</mark> chemi <mark>stry,</mark> per s <mark>pec</mark> imen; initial single antibody |
| | stain procedure (For immunophe <mark>no</mark> typing, see Rule 18) |
| 88341 | Immunohistochemistry of immunocytochemistry, per specimen; each additional |
| | single antibody stain procedure (List separately in addition to code for primary |
| | procedure) |
| 88344 | each multiplex antibody stain procedure |
| 88346 | Immunofluorescence, per specimen; initial single antibody stain procedure |
| 88350 | each additional single antibody stain procedure (List separately in addition to |
| 00050 | code for primary procedure.) |
| 88356 | Morphometric analysis; nerve |
| 88360 | Morphometric analysis, tumor immunohistochemistry (e.g., Her-2/Neu, estrogen |
| | receptor/progesterone receptor), quantitative or semiquantitative, per specimen, each |
| 88361 | single antibody stain procedure; manual using computer assisted technology (computer generated) (Do not report 88360 or |
| 00301 | 88361 with 88342 unless each procedure is for a different antibody) (When semi-thin |
| | plastic-embedded sections are performed in conjunction with morphometric analysis, |
| | only the morphometric analysis should be reported; if performed as an independent |
| | procedure, see codes 88302-88309 for surgical pathology) |
| | processio, oce bodge book for burgiour patriology) |

OTHER PROCEDURES

| CODE | <u>DESCRIPTION</u> |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 89050 | Cell count, miscellaneous body fluids (e.g., cerebrospinal fluid, joint fluid), except blood; |
| 89051 | with differential count |
| 89055 | Leukocyte assessment, fecal, qualitative or semiquantitative |
| 89060 | Crystal identification by light microscopy with or without polarizing lens analysis, tissue, |
| | or any body fluid (except urine) |
| 89190 | Nasal smear for eosinophils |
| 8923 <mark>0</mark> | Sweat collection by iontophoresis (includes analysis) |
| 89321 | Semen analysis; sperm presence and motility of sperm, if performed |
| 91065 | Breath hydrogen or methane test (e.g., for detection of lactase deficiency, fructose |
| | intolerance, bacterial overgrowth, or oro-cecal gastrointestinal transit) |
| G0480 | Drug test(s), definitive, utilizing drug identification methods able to identify individual |
| | drug <mark>s a</mark> nd distinguish between structural isomers (See Rule 5B) |
| P9604 | Travel allowance one way in connection with medically necessary laboratory specimen |
| | collection d <mark>raw</mark> n from home bound or nursing home bound patient; prorated trip charge |
| | (Limited to home bound phlebotomy; see Rule 23) |
| S3840 | DNA analysis for germline mutations of the RET proto-oncogene for susceptibility to |
| | multiple endocrine neoplasia type 2 |
| S3842 | Genetic testing for Von Hippel-Lindau disease |
| S3844 | DNA analysis of the connexin 26 gene (GJB2) for susceptibility to congenital, profound |
| | deafness |
| S3846 | Genetic testing for hemoglobin E beta-thalassemia |
| S3849 | Genetic testing for Niemann-Pick disease |
| S3850 | Genetic testing for sickle cell anemia |
| S3852 | DNA analysis for APOE epilson 4 allele for susceptibility to Alzheimer's disease |
| S3853 | Genetic testing for myotonic muscular dystrophy |
| S3861 | Genetic testing, sodium channel, voltage-gated, type V, alpha subunit (SCN5A) and |
| | variants for suspected Brugada Syndrome |
| S3865 | Comprehensive gene sequence analysis for hypertrophic cardiomyopathy |
| S3866 | Genetic analysis for a specific gene mutation for hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (HCM) in |
| | an individual with a known HCM mutation in the family |